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Miss Amy Johnson
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TYRES and WHEELS
on her
Moth machine
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FOUNDED 1861 NO. 23,117 二拜禮 號六廿月八英港香 TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1930. 日三初月七

TRADE STATISTICS DIFFICULTY.

OFFICIAL SAYS FIRMS
TO BLAME.

DUPLICATE INVOICES SAID TO
BE USELESS.

ADVICE OFFERED.

Interviewed by a *Telegraph* representative this morning in regard to complaints of local retail firms of difficulty in classifying imported goods, Mr. J. D. Lloyd, Superintendent of the Imports and Exports Department, was inclined to take the view that the difficulties were, in the main, due to the firms themselves.

It was stated in our leading article yesterday that the Statistical Office is compelled to prepare and send out each month several hundred queries slips requesting shippers and consignees to declare correct weight, correct values and correct descriptions.

It was alleged that, despite the hundreds of headings into which the Classification List is divided, it is quite a common experience for firms to be unable to designate many of the sundries they receive except in a general way, and to remedy this it was suggested that a more general Classification List be adopted and that the practice of supplying duplicate invoices be followed.

Advice to Firms.

"I would advise all firms," said Mr. Lloyd, "to have in their possession the Classification List, and to refer to it whenever in doubt. Then they cannot go very far wrong."

"The Classification List was compiled by the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce, after many months of labour, and although it has been officially adopted, it is not a Government document. It is considered sufficiently comprehensive to meet the requirements for the Statistical Department, so long as it is adhered to by the firms."

"I certainly do not think that the Chamber of Commerce would be prepared to make alterations to it after they had spent such a long time in its compilation," emphasised Mr. Lloyd.

"The chief trouble in the filling in of the declaration forms," he added, "is that the firms will persist in using the proprietary name of an article. That, of course, is understood by those used to dealing in the particular commodity, but it conveys nothing to a clerk in the Statistical Department and is useless for statistical records. The Classification List sets out in full those goods which can be classified, and anything not mentioned in the classification must come under the heading of sundries (not mentioned)."

Ordinary Common Sense.

"Such an entry as 'three gross of Enos' cannot be understood by a clerk at the Statistical Office, and it obviously must be classified under the heading for which it is allowed in the list. It seems that many of the firms do not possess a copy of the Classification List. It cost only 50 cents to purchase, and, when in doubt, reference can always be made to it and the difficulty overcome."

"It just means the use of ordinary common sense," added Mr. Lloyd.

Enlarging upon this, Mr. Lloyd said that the blame for incorrect entries in the declaration forms was often to be traced to slackness on the part of a firm's clerk, who, not being conversant with the Classification List, and being too lazy to refer to it, entered his goods straight from the invoices, so that they remained quite unclassified. Instances of this were known, and, in addition, it often happened that the queries sent back to the firm from the Statistical Office never reached the seniors, but were handled by the clerk.

Invoices Useless.

Asked to give his views on the suggestion of duplicate invoices, Mr. Lloyd said he failed to see how the idea could be adopted.

"It is necessary to remember," he said, "that invoices invariably refer to the trade name of the goods, and if these were submitted to the Statistical Office they would be of literally no value for classification purposes. For a

(Continued on Page 7)

NAMING THE NEW PRINCESS.

DUKE OF YORK WILL CONFER
WITH THEIR MAJESTIES.

DUCHESS DOING WELL.

London, Aug. 25.

An indication of the excellent progress which the Duchess of York and the infant Princess are making is afforded to-day by the information that the Duke of York has motored from Glamis to Balmoral, where he is staying until Friday.

It is understood that while at Balmoral the Duke will discuss with the King and Queen the names to be given to the new Princess, and that in all probability the date and place of the christening ceremony will also be fixed. When he returns to Glamis, the Duke will immediately register the birth of his daughter with the Registrar, who is also the local Postmaster and general stores proprietor.

When the Queen goes to Glamis to see the Duchess, it is understood.

BANDITS SEIZE ITALIAN PRIEST.

Father Brugnetti Falls Into
Brigands' Hands.

30 YEARS IN CHINA.

Yet another Catholic priest has been captured by bandits in China, the Right Rev. Bishop Valtorta having received a telegram from Nanyang-fu in South Honan, to the effect that the Rev. Father James Brugnetti has fallen into the hands of brigands.

Father Brugnetti, who is about 55 years of age, has been in China for more than thirty years. He belongs to the Milan Foreign Missions and the whole of his service in China has been in Honan.

No details of the outrage have yet been received.

STOOD THAT HER MAJESTY WILL TAKE PRINCESS ELIZABETH BACK TO BALMORAL WITH HER.

Sir Henry Simson, the Duchess's Physician, who left Glamis Castle to-day for a day's grouse shooting with the Earl of Strathmore, will start to-morrow on a few days' motor tour.—*British Wireless*.

GLOUCESTER JOLT AUSTRALIA.

GODDARD AND HAMMOND
IN FINE FORM.

London, Aug. 25.

The Australians are faring none too well in their match with Gloucester, although they skittled out the County team for only 72 runs on Saturday, when Hornibrook took four of the wickets for 20 runs.

Australia batted to-day and were dismissed for 157 runs. Ponsford was the highest scorer with 51. Goddard took half of the wickets, capturing five for 52.

Gloucester went in to bat again and made a much better showing than in the first innings. When play closed to-day they had made 147 for the loss of only three wickets, Hammond being 76 not out.—*Reuter*.

AIRMAN'S LATEST FLIGHT.

TO TANGIER AND BACK TO
LONDON.

London, Aug. 25.

Captain Barnard, the famous airman, left Lympne aerodrome at six o'clock this morning to make a non-stop flight of 1,200 miles to Tangier. He expects to dine in Tangier early this evening, return to-morrow morning and dine in London to-morrow evening.

Captain Barnard was attired as though he were just going for a flip round the aerodrome. He was wearing a golf suit, white canvas shoes and a hat. He is using a Puss-Moth machine, the same as he used in his flight to Malta.—*British Wireless*.

SEQUEL TO BOMB OUTRAGE.

POLICE CHIEF KILLS
ONE ASSAILANT.

CONSPIRACY UNEARTHED IN
CALCUTTA.

REVOLVERS DUMPED.

London, Aug. 25.

An attempt was made to-day to kill Sir Charles Tegart, the Police Commissioner for Calcutta. Two bombs were flung at his car as he was motoring to his office. They exploded in the road, wounding the chauffeur and damaging the car. Sir Charles himself was unhurt. Leaping from the car he drew a revolver and shot one of the assailants dead. Then he chased another of the assailants, who was captured by a police sergeant. A third assailant was wounded by explosion. Sir Charles, who is forty nine, has been in the Indian police since 1901.—*British Wireless*.

Two Bombs Thrown.

Calcutta, Aug. 25.

Two bombs were thrown at a car in which Sir Charles Tegart, the Police Commissioner, was driving to his office. They exploded on the roadway and fragments wounded the driver and damaged the car. Sir Charles Tegart was unhurt but one of the assailants was hit by the fragments and it is believed was mortally injured.—*Reuter*.

Sir Charles Interviewed.

Calcutta, Aug. 25.

Sir Charles Tegart was extremely calm when he was interviewed by *Reuter* and said the bombs landed one to the left and the other to the right side of the car. He took a revolver from a cupboard and told the driver to pull round. When the car had turned back ten or fifteen yards he saw a house lying at the corner of Dalhousie Square.

Sir Charles then jumped out of the car, ran to the spot and found that the man was badly hurt. He died shortly afterwards. Two bombs and a loaded revolver were found in his possession.

Two constables arrested another Indian who was bleeding and also had a revolver and a bomb. This man said he was a law student.

Sir Charles Tegart added that one bomb struck a coolie, damaged two motor cars and the front of a shop. Pieces of the bomb pierced the door of his car, another piece was embedded in one of the tyres while still another struck the driver of the car on the arm and slightly injured him. The bombs were of the Mills type, made from an aluminium alloy.—*Reuter*.

Students with Revolvers

Calcutta, Aug. 25.

The law student arrested in connexion with the attempt on the life of Sir Charles Tegart is named Dinesh Chandra Majumdar. The police, assisted by Majed Gurkhas, are searching a number of houses in the city, it being stated that five thousand revolvers of Japanese make were recently distributed among extremist students.—*Reuter*.

Conspiracy Unearthed.

Calcutta, later.

Seven arrests were made at midnight in connexion with the attempt on Sir Charles Tegart. It is understood that searches revealed a list of names of members of a terrorist band planning outrages in Calcutta and throughout Bengal. Those arrested to-night belong to the same body as the Chittagong armoury raiders.—*Reuter*.

Sir Charles Tegart, C.I.E., M.V.O., joined the Indian Police Force in 1901. He was awarded the King's Police Medal in 1911. He is the son of the late Rev. J. P. Tegart, of Dunboyne, Co. Meath, and was educated at the Portora Royal School and Trinity College, Dublin. He was knighted in 1926.]

At the Kowloon Magistracy to-day, Mr. Whyte Smith authorised the payment of \$4 from the Poor Box to an aged man to enable him to buy a hawk's licence. The man was charged, with having hawked without a licence, but said he had not the money to get one.

FATAL QUARREL ON SHIP.

JAPANESE FACES CHARGE OF
MURDER.

TRIAL COMMENCES.

The services of a Japanese interpreter were requisitioned when a murder charge against Fumi Hagiwara, the quartermaster of the s.s. Saka Maru, was begun before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The accused is charged with the murder of a Japanese carpenter, Sogara Mishima, on board the ship, which was lying in Victoria Harbour, on August 23.

Mr. Somerset Fitzroy, the Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, instructed by Mr. Murphy, A.S.P., whilst Detective Sub-Inspector Doring also was in Court. The accused was undefended.

Outlining the case, Mr. Fitzroy said the accused was charged with the murder of the carpenter on board the Saka Maru on August 23. The accused, the deceased and two other men seemed to have dined together in some restaurant ashore, and the accused and the deceased seemed to have had a little too much drink, so that they became intoxicated. There also seemed to have been a certain amount of quarrelling on shore, as well as on the sloop which took them back to the ship. When they got on board, the carpenter went into the quartermaster's cabin, and there also some words passed between them.

Another quartermaster who was on watch heard them talking till about 2 o'clock in the morning. When looking down into the cabin, he saw the accused slap the face of the deceased. The accused then went on to the galley and from a drawer took a knife, armed with which he went into the cabin and there the argument between the two was heard again. The other quartermaster saw the deceased come out of the cabin and collapse. The boat came on the scene then, and the accused went up to him, and told him that he had wounded the carpenter with a knife. The Chief Officer also came up and the accused said the same thing to him. The carpenter died a short while later.

A fireman on board the ship was the first witness called. He said that, in the company for the accused, the deceased and another man, he went ashore about 6 p.m. on August 23. They went to a restaurant, where they had five bottles of Chinese wine. The accused and the deceased got drunk on it, but he and the other man remained sober. After that, they went to a Japanese ship chandler's shop in Wanchai where the deceased went in, while he went with the other two men and an interpreter from the ship to buy fruit.

Later they boarded a sampan. They waited a long time for the deceased and then sent the interpreter to call him. When they came, the deceased picked a quarrel with the interpreter on the waterfront over the loss of his umbrella which he had left behind at the shop. The accused, who was in the sampan, then came ashore to stop the fight, but the deceased wanted to fight with the accused also. As a result, all of them went on ashore again. The case is proceeding.

WOOL STRIKE STILL CONTINUES.

FRENCH WORKERS REJECT
PROPOSALS.

Paris, Aug. 25.

While a settlement of the Lille cotton and textile strike was effected at the end of last week, the wool workers at Roubaix and Tourcoing, to-day rejected the employer's proposals and voted for a continuation of the strike.—*Reuter*.

POLISH CABINET.

NEW BODY FORMED BY
PILSUDSKI.

Warsaw, Aug. 25.

Marshal Pilsudski has formed a new Cabinet. This follows the resignation of the old one at the week-end when the Premier, M. Slawek, intimated that he could not carry on.—*Reuter*.

INDIAN SITUATION IMPROVES.

BUT NO PROVINCES
YET NORMAL.

CONGRESS MOVEMENT SAID
TO BE MORIBUND.

TRIBAL ACTIVITY.

London, Aug. 25.

In the weekly appreciation by the Government of India of the situation in India it is stated that by August 19 the Afridi lashkar had dispersed, although a few small parties still remained in the district. Congress emissaries from British territory are, however, reported to have passed up the Bara Valley to urge the Afridis to renew hostilities.

At the northern border of Peshawar district, the Haji of Turangzai and his emissaries have remained active among the upper Mohmands and the Uman Khel. The Jirga of two sections of the latter tribe interviewed the Deputy Commissioner on August 16. They undertook to commit no more offences against the Government, to refrain from joining any hostile lashkar and to refuse passage to any hostile lashkar of other tribes.

In view of this undertaking their eleven prisoners captured at Pallai were released.

Tribal Agitation.

It is clear, however, that the Haji has met with a good deal of success, among the upper Mohmands and possibly some part of the Uman Khel tribe and still has great hopes of raising a lashkar to attack the Peshawar district by way of Gandao. On the Kurram border, intensive bombing of the Massozai and Para Chamkannis has a very good effect. The Massozai Jirga and the Jirga of one section of the Para Chamkannis have come in to Para Chinara to make overtures for a settlement. Agitation however has spread to other tribes.

Province Improvement.

On August 19, Ahmadzai Ghilzai collected a lashkar on Peiwar Kotai, in the neighbourhood of Utar and Bargawisar. Reconnaissance aeroplanes were heavily fired upon from these two points and militia pickets in upper Urram were fired on from Utar. Thanks to the excellent defensive measures adopted by the Kurram militia and village levies, together with the successful measures adopted by the local Afghan authorities to restrain the tribes on their side of the border, the hostilities dispersed after a few days without further committing themselves.

More Interest in Schools.

Provincial reports for the first fortnight of August continue to show a marked improvement in most provinces. In Madras the number of breaches of the law and consequent prosecutions continues to fall. In Bengal the improvement has been so marked that it is possible to discern a tendency to return to normal conditions. There has been less picketing, particularly in Calcutta, and the movement generally has much weakened. A good sign in several districts is the increased attendance at schools and the boycott of educational institutions seems to be falling off. In the United Provinces the chief features of the fortnight was an attack on the educational institutions, from which the Muhammedans, however, kept aloof.

Bombay Situation.

There has been very serious interference with studies at Allahabad, Benares and Lucknow Universities, but a recent report in the Press states that students have revolted at the first mentioned University against this interference with their future careers.

The Punjab records a definite and practically universal decline in Congress activities and the movement is moribund. The situation in Bombay City is more stable so far as law and order is concerned, but the economic conditions tend to deteriorate and more mills have been closed down. The above record of improvement must be qualified in certain respects. The boycott of foreign goods is still

TONGKA WAN FREE PORT.

A GUNBOAT ASSIGNED FOR
PATROL WORK.

WHAMPOA PLANS.

Canton, Aug. 25.

The Chinese gunboat Anpei, of the 4th Naval Squadron of the Kwangtung Provincial Fleet, has been detailed for patrol work at Tongka Wan. The Provincial authorities announce that ever since Tongka Wan has been declared a free port by the Central Government at Nanking, more and more ships have been clearing for that port, and it is with a view to affording ample protection to all shipping using the free port that the Anpei is being stationed there for patrol work.

This is the first statement that has been released for some time concerning the free port at Tongka Wan. It will be remembered that after making very elaborate arrangements for the opening of the port, which included invitations to the

TRAFFIC IN WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Far Eastern Inquiry Ended by
League Committee.

CHINA ORGANISATIONS.

Geneva, Aug. 25.

The Committee of Inquiry into the traffic in women and children in the Far East has concluded its work. It decided to confine the inquiry to the international aspects of the question; nevertheless investigators may, if necessary, inquire on a national basis should national conditions promote the traffic.

The investigators will be instructed to seek the assistance of native organisations which have developed in recent years, particularly in China.—*Reuter*.

Governors of Hongkong and Macao as well as to all the members of the Consular Body in Canton, these have twice been postponed, and it is believed in many quarters that the whole matter is likely to be dropped.

This belief is intensified by reports to the effect that the Provincial Government is now devoting attention to making much-needed improvements at the port of Whampoa, these improvements consisting of dredging, building wharves, railways, roads and godowns, to be carried out under the supervision of the Board of Conservancy of Kwangtung.—*Our Own Correspondent*.

INVESTITURE NEXT MONDAY.

NEW YEAR HONOURS
RECIPIENTS.

On Monday at 11 a.m. His Excellency the Governor (Sir William Peel) will invest the recipients of last New Year's Honour at Government House. Those to be invested will be:

C. B. E.—Rear Admiral R.A.S. Hill.

O. B. E.—Surgeon Commander Gerrard, Capt. O. H. Farrar master of the s.s. Halching, Chief Officer of the s.s. Halching.

M. B. E.—Mr. F. C. Duxon (Chief Engineer) and Mr. A. J. Johnson (Second Officer) of the Halching.

Hon. M. B. E.—Mr. A. de Melion, Third Engineer of the Halching.

effective in many towns and picketing, although on the decline, is still practised to a considerable extent.

Although, therefore, the situation in most provinces is distinctly easier, there is no province in which conditions are normal or in which it can be safely said that some activities of civil disobedience movement may not assume fresh vigour.

There has, fortunately, been a marked improvement in the Sind where the communal situation was reported last week to be serious. The position is now under control.—*British Wireless*.

NURSE AWARDED DAMAGES.

SCURRILOUS ARTICLE
RESULT.

"MOSQUITO" PRESS OF THE
COLONY.

"GETTING TOO MUCH."

The "mosquito press" of Hongkong again came into prominence this morning when Au Lai-yung, a girl student nurse at the Tung Wah Hospital, was awarded \$1,000 damages against Lo Cheung-wan, editor of the *Tai Fai Fat* by Mr. Justice Wood in the Summary Court, in respect of an article which appeared in the paper concerning her. His Lordship expressed sympathy with plaintiff and said he hoped that such a scurrilous and unfounded article would not injure her career.

Mr. M. K. Lo who appeared for plaintiff, remarked "This is getting too much, my Lord. The mosquito paper atmosphere is getting intolerable in Hongkong and there must be a deterrent."

Dollar a Copy.

He continued that ordinarily the paper was not worth five cents but with such an article in it people would even go to the extent of paying a dollar for a copy.

He went on to say that plaintiff had been a student nurse at the hospital for three years and was about to pass out. There was absolutely no truth in the article in question and it had done her much harm.

The article complained of was as follows:

Miss Au Redressed her Grievances in a Justifiable Way.
(By Ki-Ki).

"Miss Au is studying in a medical school in which people address each other as 'Miss'. For this reason I also call her as such. The place in which Au is studying is known as the 'Western China Hospital'. Au's sweet age is nearly 24. Although in her study of medicine she acquired a large stock of knowledge from textbooks, yet she has not acquired the experience in practical work. The demand of her age and physique for something is certainly not confined to Miss Au alone, but she, though rich in her talent, is poor in beauty. Her form is small and not graceful and her life of beauty is not prominent. She is fond of laughing charmingly and she laughs in the same way as that of Lon Chaney. The reason why the title of Miss Au could remain unchanged up to the present moment was because of her way of laughing like that."

In spite of this Au wanted to get rid of her title as a Miss for a long time. It happened that a certain doctor of the said hospital invariably rode on a car when he went out to or came in from the busy centre and that the chauffeur of the said doctor was in Sal-tso (that is Tam) being a handsome young man. The nature of the latter was both sweet and gentle so that the fair sex was very fond of him.

Miss Au, working in the same place, was well acquainted with the said young man and eventually fell in love with him some time. One evening she invited him to go to a cinema house. The chauffeur being ignorant of the fact that she had fallen in love with him, declined to accept her invitation. The said Miss Au, very wild, a third party secretly watched all this and the said Miss Au declared that he (the chauffeur) was like a swan intending to eat the flesh of a swan.

The chauffeur too got wild and explained the whole matter and people in the hospital took that as material for gossip. The said Miss Au felt more indignant than ever.

The chauffeur was not a piece of stone or wood. He, however, concentrated his love not on the said Miss, but on someone else, who was also one of the people in the hospital. Next day the chauffeur wanted to have a talk over love with the very one he loved, and the beloved one was in the room for to push open the door, to go in, he discovered Miss Au was there. She stopped him saying "Did you not know the rules? Can anyone rush into a room for confined women?" The chauffeur, being debarred by the rules, retired sullenly and narrated the matter to some other people and the matter was better known. Miss Au has been the subject of a small periodical in which she was described as the "Three and Half Mouths."

Generally Insulting.

Mr. Lo said the only way one could control the article was that plaintiff was morally bound to sue.

(Continued on Page 7)

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LAND DISPUTE CASE CONCLUDES.

JUDGE DISAGREES WITH REMARKS.

An allegation that Counsel for the defence had obstructed and confused the issues rather than clarified them, was made by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, Counsel for plain-
tiff, when the land dispute action was concluded before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) in the Supreme Court yesterday.
Mr. Potter said he did not intend to call evidence, but would make certain submissions and prove his case in law.
It was a claim by the plaintiff, as administrator of Lau Ping, deceased, for the assigning of cer-
tain property on the ground that the property was the estate of Lau Ping, and His Lordship would also appreciate that that was not only set out in the statement of claim, but that they asked for the assignment of the properties by defendant to them subject to all encumbrances. From those short relevant facts, he contended that a most important question of law arose.
The two properties were bought, one 21 years after the death of Lau Ping, and the other 25 years after, with the monies of the Lau Kwong Yu Tong, and the plaintiff now came forward claiming that the property must be the estate of Lau Ping, simply because it was bought with Lau Kwong Yu Tong money. He (Counsel) submitted it was manifestly obvious that could not be so. They might just as well say that the 14 millions of dollars profit, which was divided between the partners, was also of the estate of Lau Ping.

Failure to Prove.

Mr. Potter submitted that the plaintiff failed to prove his case. That firm, he said, carried on in the way Chinese firms were inclined to carry on, that on the death of a partner his sons stepped into his shoes, and although the English law showed there was no right of survivorship, they did not take regard of that, the sons being actual partners in the firm after the death of Lau Ping, and had signed the necessary documents to make mortgages as well as dividing the profits.
They were now contending that 25 years after the death of deceased, any specific property could be recovered as part of the estate of Lau Ping, because it had been bought with the money of Lau Kwong Yu Tong.
Quoting English Law regarding the dissolution of partnership after death or bankruptcy of one of the partners, Mr. Potter showed that unless specifically laid out in an agreement to the contrary, that procedure must be adopted, and the administrator could not be a partner of the firm.
According to the evidence in that case, after the death of Lau Ping, his two sons were invited by the surviving partners to become partners in the firm, which they did, and the firm became re-constituted in that way.

Administrators' Rights.

According to the Partnership Act Ordinance, certain rights were given the representatives of deceased, but they were given no right to come, after a period of 32 years, and say "Ah, this property was bought with Lau Kwong Yu Tong money, and the property is therefore the estate of Lau Ping," particularly when the estate had never been wound up. In no way could they claim that property as part of the estate. All he (Counsel) was asking His Lordship to say was that the property was not the property of Lau Ping.
Two rights were given to the administrators under the Partnership Ordinance. Either that they could be awarded by Court an attributable part of the profits on the capital at the dissolution of the partnership, or, if that was not satisfactory, they could ask for eight per cent of the capital.
He submitted it was perfectly absurd to say that the property was the property of the Lau Ping's estate because it was bought with

You May Try Other Things But Eventually Give Baby These.

Many people learn by experience—and experience alone. Others wisely profit from the experience of their fellow men and women. Parents of babies and young children, who belong to the latter class, will read and ponder what Mrs. M. C. Dickson, of No. 3 Drieberg's Lane, Maradana, Colombo, has written regarding her experience with Baby's Own Tablets. For a mother will not lightly recommend for other children anything that has not passed her own rigid tests and convinced her of its safety and efficiency. Mrs. Dickson writes: "I have given Baby's Own Tablets to two of my children, namely Barbara, aged four years, and Melroy, aged two years, and five months, for constipation, and I found they did them a world of good. I might mention that I had used other medicines before using Baby's Own Tablets, but the results were not very satisfactory. I think Baby's Own Tablets a very effective remedy for children and I have no hesitation in recom-
mending them."
(Signed) Mrs. M. C. Dickson
Baby's Own Tablets correct in-
fantile indigestion and constipa-
tion, check diarrhoea, expel
worms, allay fever, colds and
croup. They are especially in-
valuable during teething, easing
the pains and thus inducing
sound, natural sleep. Obtainable
from chemists everywhere.

Lau Kwong Yu Tong money. That was a fallacy.

No Misconduct.

In dealing with the question of costs, Mr. Potter said the only thing that could deprive defend-
ant of costs was misconduct and, of course, misconduct had never been suggested in the case because it could not have been suggested. Counsel further submitted that defendant was entitled to go be-
fore the Court and obtain its pro-
tection.

In his address, Mr. Sheldon said he agreed with most of the points made by Mr. Potter. He referred to what he described as a "startling" change of front on the part of the defence in the early stages of the case. Mr. Potter having previously explained that on fur-
ther consideration of the matter, they decided that formal proof would not be sufficient and a thorough investigation must take place. The result of that change, said Counsel, was the pathetic sight of an administrator trying to do his duty with the aid of a British Counsel, and the most emi-
nent Counsel in the Colony ob-
structing his administration of the estate which he was endeavouring to administer.

Allegation Denied.

Counsel added "Nothing has been too petty to be brought up by my friends."
Mr. Potter:—Then I understand you allege we are trying to ob-
struct? We shall have to deal with that position some time. That is not true.
Mr. Sheldon:—Don't interrupt me please, Mr. Potter.
Mr. Potter:—It is a matter of very serious importance to Mr. Jenkin and myself and we would like to know.
Mr. Sheldon:—Nothing has been too petty to have been raised, which tended to obstruct and con-
fuse the issues rather than to clarify it.
His Lordship:—I don't agree with you Mr. Sheldon, and I will say that now.
Mr. Sheldon said if his Lordship thought he was wrong he would withdraw his remarks.
Mr. Sheldon went on to deal with the evidence, saying his wit-
nesses had sworn that the money in question had come out of the estate of the late Lau Ping. If there was any evidence at all that the money did not come from the estate, then that evidence was not before the Court. The only evi-
dence before the Court was that

RUBBER POSITION.

SIR CECIL CLEMENT'S VISIT TO JAVA.

Singapore, Aug. 25.
In connexion with his visit to Java, Sir Cecil Clementi, the Governor of the Straits Settlements, informed the Legislative Council that the Governor General of the Dutch East Indies had agreed to discuss the rubber in-
dustry with him.
Sir Cecil Clementi added that clearly no solution can be achieved as to unilateral action in Malaya.
"It is essential that we have the views of the Dutch au-
thorities."
Sir Cecil Clementi is returning on Tuesday next, and hopes the Malayan Government will then be fully informed as to the views of the Dutch, and be able to formulate a policy.—*Reuter.*

as deposed to, that the money used was from the late Lau Ping's estate.
Counsel further stated that if there had been a breach of trust as he said, was alleged by the other side, then he would submit that it was only a technical breach and all the beneficiaries had agreed to the breach, which was the mortgages. If there had not been active acquiescence then it had been passive.
Regarding the breach, Counsel pointed out that a mortgage for \$600,000 was now worth about \$1,000,000, which was a profit of \$400,000, and in any case none of the beneficiaries had complained about the mortgages.
His Lordship reserved judg-
ment.

THE PROBLEMS OF PALESTINE.

REPORT BY THE LEAGUE COMMISSION.

London, Aug. 25.
The report of the League of Nations Mandates Commission on last year's disturbances in Palestine is issued simultaneously with the observations by the British Government on the report.
The Commission is of opinion that the Arab outbreak was partly intended to resist the British policy of carrying out the mandate, and is of opinion that lack of insight in the administra-
tion and the absence of proper precautions, owing to inadequate forces, were largely responsible for the loss of many lives.
The Commission recognises the delicacy of the position, but re-
grets that on certain points the Mandatory has not yet succeeded in giving full effect to all the provisions of the mandate.
It states that the fears of the Arabs regarding their economic future, aroused by repeated sales of land to Jews, would be largely allayed by a government agricultural policy to increase the cultivable area and instruct the Arabs in modern methods of cultivation.
A Difficult Task.
The Commission declares that the Mandatory must obviously re-
turn a categorical and definite re-
fusal to all sections of the population which are rebelling

against the mandate. The task of the Mandatory is particularly difficult.—The League of Nations is entitled to expect the Pal-
estines to recognise in fairness, the merits of the system, the international bases of which they are not in a position to challenge.

Britain's Comments.

The British Government's ob-
servations say that the Commission appears to be disposed to acquit it of any charge of failure in its duties as regards the establishment of a regime of self-government in Palestine, and that generally speaking the Commission does not call in question the conceptions of the Mandatory as regards its future policy.
The Government protests against the procedure of the Commission, basing much of their criticism on *ex parte* statements, and feels that the Commission's grounds for be-
lieving the Arab outbreak was pre-
meditated and directed against the British, are scarcely adequate.
The Government points out that since 1921, Britain has provided over \$2,000,000 to assist the Pal-
estine Government, and further, guaranteed a loan of \$4,500,000 in 1927 for expenditure on public works; therefore it claims it has not been neglectful in development obligations.—*Reuter.*

Previous Announcement.

London, Aug. 24.

The general report of the per-
manent Mandates Commission to the Council of the League of Na-
tions dealing with events in Palestine last August and Septem-
ber, will be officially published to-
morrow and at the same time the official text of the British Govern-
ment's comments on the report will be issued in London by the Colonial Office.—*British Wireless.*

"Below par"

If you are run down
and far from well—
try SCOTT'S
Emulsion.

It builds up the body
heals the lungs and
tones up the system.
Ask for

SCOTT'S
Emulsion
The protector of life

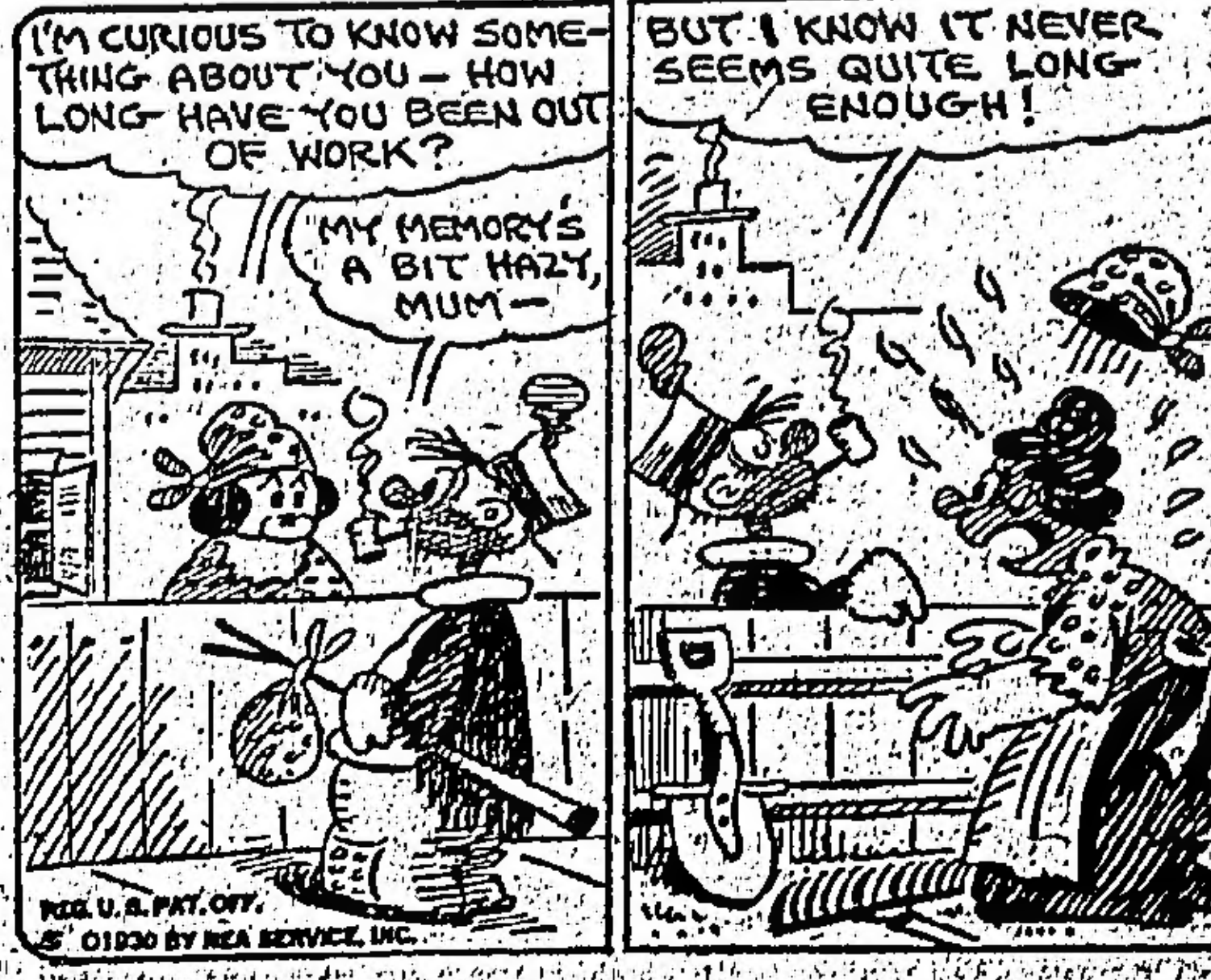
SALESMAN SAM



Far From It!

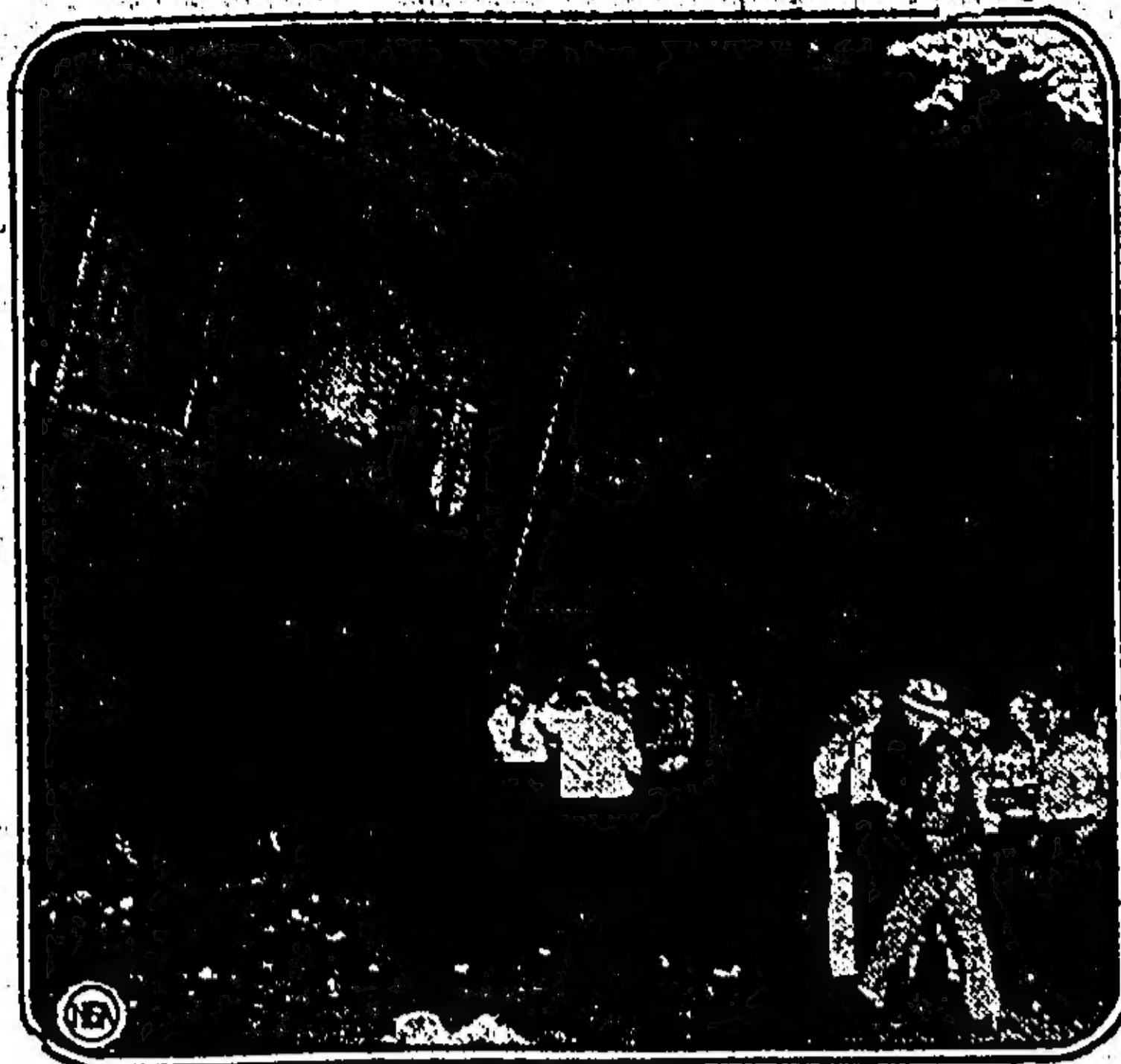


By Small





Three times Sammy Mandell was crashed to the canvas by Singer mitts and three times he rose. Then came the fourth time, as pictured above, and Mandell fell into the ropes and rolled off to be counted out while flat on his back. Singer, centre, became lightweight champion of the world. The end was reached after one minute and 40 seconds of the first round.



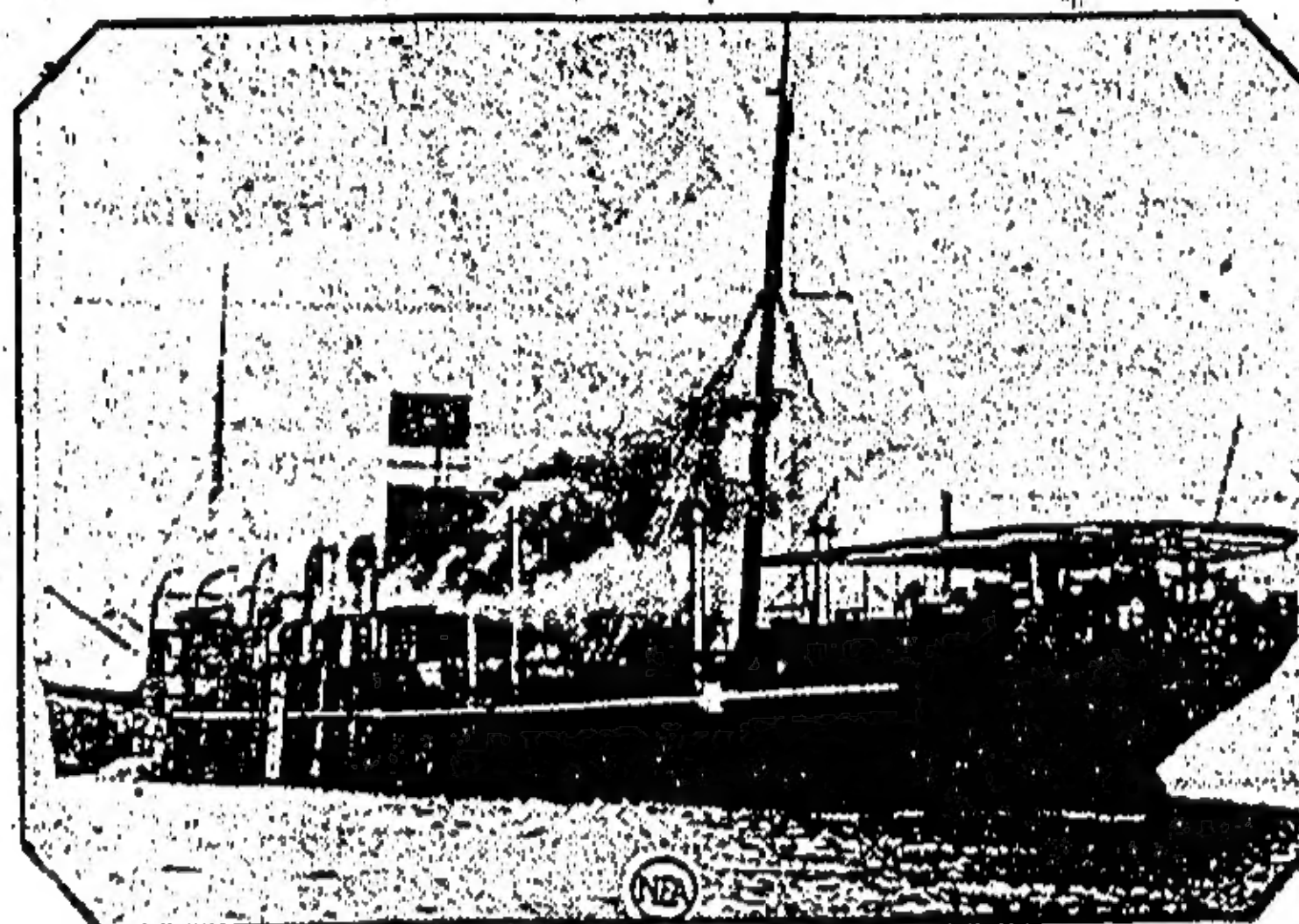
Two cars were sent hurtling down a 30-foot embankment while another, as shown above at the left, was left hanging precariously on the edge of a retaining wall, in the fatal wreck of a Philadelphia-to-New York Pennsylvania train at South Elizabeth, N. J.



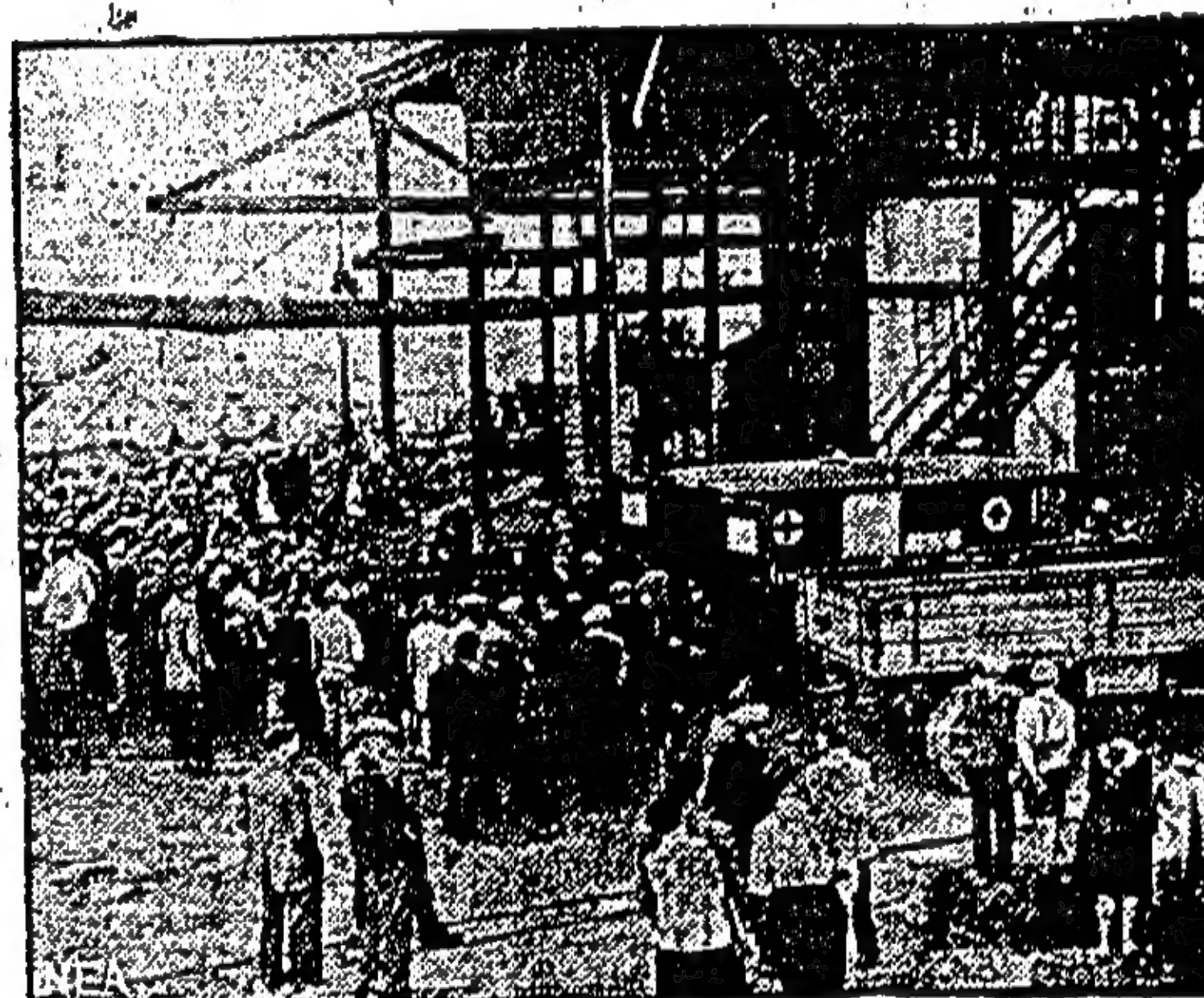
Thousands of eager Londoners lined the sidewalks outside St. Margaret's Church to get a glimpse of former Miss Maystie Gasque, heiress to many of the Woolworth ten-cent store millions, and John Roland Robinson, young barrister, pictured here immediately after their fashionable wedding.



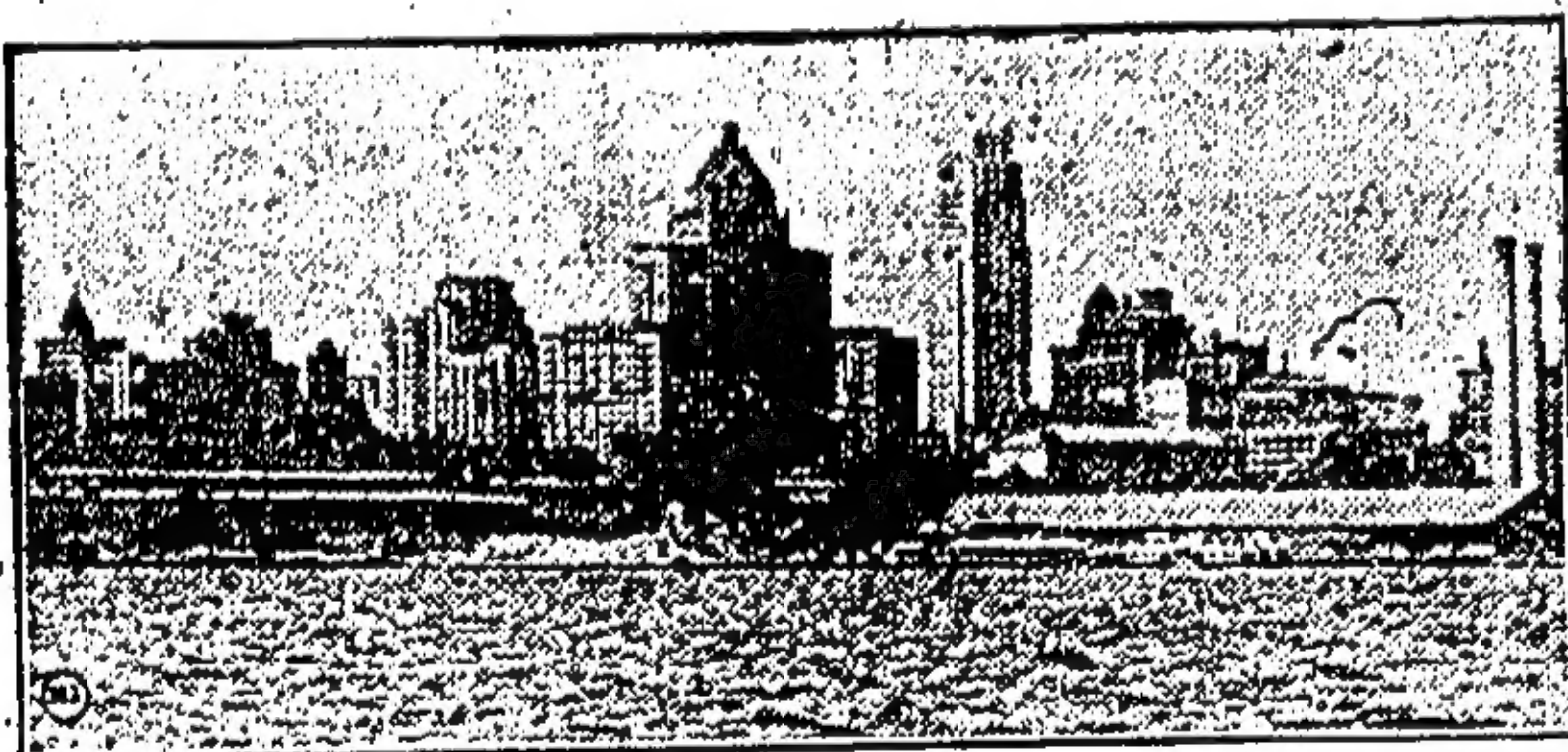
Titled victims of the mysterious mid-air explosion of a taxi-plane over Meopham, England, were the Viscountess Ednam (top) and the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava (bottom), an Irish peer. Two other members of the British aristocracy and the two pilots also were instantly killed when the plane, fell apart and crashed in pieces to the ground.



Flames raging in the hold of the British India line steamer Masula, as pictured above, off Gibraltar, threatened a major sea disaster. But passengers were safely landed and the fast-burning vessel, with fire licking its cargo of oil, was beached.



Grim disaster had struck a thousand feet underground when this picture was taken at the entrance to the Wencelaua coal mine in Neurode, Lower Silesia, Germany. One hundred and fifty-one workers lost their lives in a subterranean explosion and here you see rescue workers and relatives of the victims as they gathered at the scene.



Latest picture of Toronto's evergrowing waterfront showing prominently the Royal York Hotel and Bank of Commerce building.



There's no use crying over spilt milk—or beer either, for that matter—but here's the scene that was enacted when Chicago prohibition agents, wearing rubber boots, raided a big beer-making plant and emptied every barrel in sight. The plant was valued at \$100,000 and had a capacity of 500 barrels weekly.



First pictures to be received of the recent disturbances in Egypt, which marked the visit of the former Premier Mustafa Pa-ha Nahas to Mansourah. Above is seen the Wafdist leader, indicated by an arrow, surrounded by his cheering compatriots who clung to his car.



A further picture of the recent disturbances in Egypt. Armed troops are seen drawn up and prepared to halt a parade of the supporters of the former Premier who is now opposed to King Fuad's government. The disturbances resulted in several deaths and many injuries.

The Raincoat,



most British of garments! The man so clad combats with ease the fickleness of our climate. And he does so smartly, for the modern raincoat is a tailoring job, well styled and sewn and lined. The outer fabric—usually a sturdy gaberdine—is weatherproofed for months of dry and comfortable service.

We are agents for the

Aquascutum

which we recommend as the most serviceable garment of its kind.

Mackintosh's



The blessed thing about Kodak Film is that wherever you get it (and you can get it everywhere), it is always the same patient, indulgent, invariable film. Cautiously printed on every carton is the date by which the film should be used. And the date is always so far ahead that the

spool is used up long before its arrival.

So, in the quiet country village or the busy bustling town, Kodak Film is always obtainable, always the same certain film, always in new condition ready to make sparkling pictures.

KODAK FILM

THE DEPENDABLE FILM IN THE YELLOW CARTON
Stocked by all photographic dealers.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY.
24, Yung Ming Yuen Road.
SHANGHAI.

Whiteaways SALE

FINAL BARGAINS
ALL
THIS WEEK

Do Not Be Too Late.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S WANTS.

25 WORDS\$1.00.
(\$1.50 If Not Prepaid.)
The following replies have been received:—
544, 545, 547, 550, 556, 593, 595,
598, 618, 634, 638, 639, 642, 650,
667, 671, 678, 683, 685, 691, 695,
705.

LOST.

LEATHER TRAY PURSE containing small sum of money and three keys. Finder please communicate with Box No. 701, "Hongkong Telegraph."

WANTED.

WANTED.—A Lady Teacher to teach General Subjects to two children, a boy and a girl, aged 11 and 8. About three hours, five mornings a week, for some months. Write Box No. 709, "Hongkong Telegraph."

LIGHTWEIGHT MOTOR CYCLE. Must be cheap exterior immaterial providing engine good. Write Box No. 702, "Hongkong Telegraph."

SITUATIONS WANTED.

STENOGRAPHER (lady) desires position in Hongkong, experience with all systems. Write Box No. 704, "Hongkong Telegraph."

YOUNG MAN (British) seeks position as salesman, or in clerical capacity. Good references. Please communicate with Box No. 703, "Hongkong Telegraph."

TO BE SOLD.

35 THE PEAK, lately occupied by Dr. Harrison and adjoining the Peak Hospital. Unfurnished. Convenient, comfortable and cool. Six rooms and Dressing room. Four bathrooms, hot and cold water. Modern sanitation. Gas and Electric Light. Use of Tennis Court. Suitable for a Mess of five, or could be easily divided to suit two couples. Close to Tram Station and Motor Road.

THE HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED. Exchange Building.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

AIRLIE HOTEL.—23-25 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Under European Management. Excellent Cuisine. Modern Apartments. Terms Moderate. Three minutes from ferry. Tel. 57357.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Immediate possession, No. 2, King's Park Buildings, Austin Road, Kowloon. A roomed FLAT with modern conveniences and Garage. Apply Union Trading Co., Ltd., York Building.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sang Kee, same Building.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

N. Y. K. LINE.
(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)
From EUROPE and STRAITS.
The Steamship,

"LIMA MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

The cargo for Hongkong ex s.s. "Tsuishima Maru" was transhipped at Singapore into this steamer.

Goods not cleared by the 2nd September, 1930, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns.

No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Hongkong, 26th August, 1930.

METALS

of all kinds especially for shipbuilding and engineering work. Complete stock. Best terms. Immediate delivery.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1890.

HING LUNG 31.

CAR REPAIRS!

BRING YOUR CAR TO US—AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED.

FIAT GARAGE

67, Des Voeux Rd. Tel. 24821

New Advertisements.

TO-MORROW.

THE KOWLOON RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION

Announce the Fifth

PUBLIC BAND CONCERT

at the

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB

(Chatham Road)

Wednesday, 27th August, 9 p.m.

Full Military Band

of the

2nd Bn. The Argyll and

Sutherland Highlanders

(Princess Louise's)

by kind permission of

Lt. Col. R. G. MacLaine,

and Officers

Admission Free

Seats 20 Cents

Chairs Reserved - 50 Cents

Booking at Anderson's.

THE BRITISH CORPORATION

REGISTER OF SHIPPING &

AIRCRAFT.

Head Office:

14, Blythwood Square, Glasgow.

The Undersigned has been appointed Non-Exclusive Surveyor to the above Corporation for Hongkong.

T. H. G. BRAYFIELD,

3, Queen's Building,

Hongkong.

Telephone No. 30231 (two lines).

Hongkong, 25th August, 1930.

THE BUREAU VERITAS

INTERNATIONAL REGISTER FOR

THE CLASSIFICATION OF

SHIPPING.

Head Office:

31, Rue Henri-Rochefort, Paris.

The Undersigned has been appointed Surveyor to the above-mentioned Society for Hongkong, Canton and Macao.

T. H. G. BRAYFIELD,

3, Queen's Building,

Hongkong.

Telephone No. 30231 (two lines).

Hongkong, 25th August, 1930.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY

NOTICE.

The Public is hereby informed that a revised Timetable will come into force on and from Tuesday, 26th August, 1930. Attention is drawn to alterations to the time of arrival and departure of certain local trains.

As a result of improvements to the track between Canton and Shek Lung the through journey is now reduced to 4½ hours.

It is hoped to resume normal running by the end of the year.

R. BAKER,

Manager.

Kowloon, 22th August, 1930.

SOME OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE

HONGKONG REALTY AND TRUST CO.,

Ltd. have prepared a Requisition to be made to the Directors for convening a Meeting to pass certain important Resolutions affecting the Company.

Any shareholder desiring to see or sign the Requisition should apply personally to the undersigned during office hours when full particulars will be gladly supplied.

HONGKONG SHAREHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION,

O. F. RIBEIRO,

Hon. Secretary.

1st floor, Bank of East Asia Building,

10, Des Voeux Road.

MASSAGE HALL.

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse

37, Queen's Road C, 2nd floor.

Tel. No. 23431.

THE JADE TREE INC.

Penninsula Hotel and Alexandra Bldg.

Jade

Treasures of the Old

Dynasties, Superb Chinese

Pictures, Fine Carvings,

Peking Jewellery,

Famous Jade Tree Rugs.

New Shipment on Display

Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on WEDNESDAY,

the 27th August, 1930,

commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at Godown No. 18,

The Hongkong and Kowloon

Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.,

Kowloon.

A Quantity of Miscellaneous Goods

comprising:—

Flour, Sulphate of Ammonia,

Iron, Steel Sheets, Glass Bottles,

Old Newspapers, Sugar, Matches,

Personal Effects, Hair Oil,

Cigars, Cigarettes, Wire, Acid

Bar Ends, Wood, Salt Fish, Tea,

Razors, Plate Cuttings, Wire Rope,

Oil, Cotton Ware, Enamel Ware,

Hemp, etc., etc.

and

One Steam Launch "SEAGULL"

lying off the Godowns

One Locomotive Boiler

One Stationary Steam Crane

(Smiths Lead), 5 Tons 18' Radius

(On View at K. M. Lot 49).

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received

instructions to sell by Public

Auction,

on Saturday,

the 30th August, 1930,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at No. 19, Jordan Road.

(2nd Floor), Kowloon.

A Quantity of Valuable Household

Furniture

On View From Friday,

the 29th August, 1930.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

GUIDE TO THE

COMPANIES' ORDINANCES OF

HONGKONG.

In The Form of a Detailed

Index

(131 PAGES).

COMPILED BY

WALTER J. HAWKER, A.C.I.S.

HONGKONG.

Below are some opinions by professional men who have been favoured with advance copies.

"I have tested it in several instances, and found that in each of those instances, the work fully meets the test."

"For years I have complained bitterly of the lack of an Index to the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong. The volume will be of great service."

"The work is excellently conceived and very well worked out."

"Every solicitor, barrister and auditor and company secretary will find the work indispensable."

"I heartily congratulate Mr. Hawker on his work."

Price \$5.00

Printed and Published

by the

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST,

LIMITED.

"Morning Post Building,"

3, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

Mortgage Bank & Estate Agents.

"PEAK MANSIONS"

Prince Edward Road,

Kowloon

Detached and Semi-detached

villas. Modern construction

with garage.

"Cambay Buildings"

Flats with modern conveniences.

LAND AUCTION.

BRISK BIDDING FOR SAI STREET PLOT.

Bidding was brisk when a block of land with buildings at No. 16, Sai Street and Nos. 37 and 39, Lower Lascar Row, was put up for auction yesterday by Mr. E. V. M. R. de Sousa at the China auction room. Starting at \$20,000, bids were quickly received and the price soon rose to \$29,300 when it was knocked down to Mr. S. Ching Yung.

The property is known as the remaining portion of inland lot No. 225A and comprises 538 square feet.

THEATRE ROYAL

TUESDAY 2nd SEPT.
at 9.15 p.m.

A. Strok

PRESENTS

ZIMBALIST

WORLD FAMOUS VIOLINIST

AT THE

THEATRE ROYAL

HARRY KAUFMAN

Prices: \$5, \$4 & \$2.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

AMERICAN STOCKS.

CABLED QUOTATIONS FROM

NEW YORK

The following quotations have been received from their correspondents in New York by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz, Sassoon House, Shanghai, (cable address: "Swanstock" Shanghai) who are not responsible for cable mutilations.

New York, Aug. 25.

Tone of market—Weak.

No. of shares done—1,750,000.

Call money—2½%.

American Smelting 60

Anacosta Copper 44½

Baltimore & Ohio 98

Borg Warner 19

Continental Oil 28

City Service Common 7

Curtis Wright 210

Eastman Kodak 80

Electric Bond & Share 38

Erie Railroad 44

General Motors 78

General Railway Signal 45

Gold Dust 22

Goodyear Tyre & Rubber 22

Granby Consolidated 22

International Cement 22

International Nickel 33

Montgomery Ward 40

Radio Corporation 63

Sears Roebuck 25

Simmons Company 69

Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey 31

Standard Oil Co. of New York 75

United Carriage & Carbon 61

United Aircraft & Transport 20

U.S. Rubber 167

U.S. Steel 167

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1440 a.

Chartered Bank, \$161 n.

Mercantile A. & B., \$28 n.

East Asia \$121 n.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$950 b.

Union Ins., \$438 b.

North China Ins., Tls. 160 b

Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.

China Underwriters, \$2.65 b.

China Fires, \$400 b.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$982½ b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$281 b.

H. K. Steamboats, \$24.85 s.

Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$43 n.

Union Water-Boats \$32 n.

Mining.

Benguets, \$3

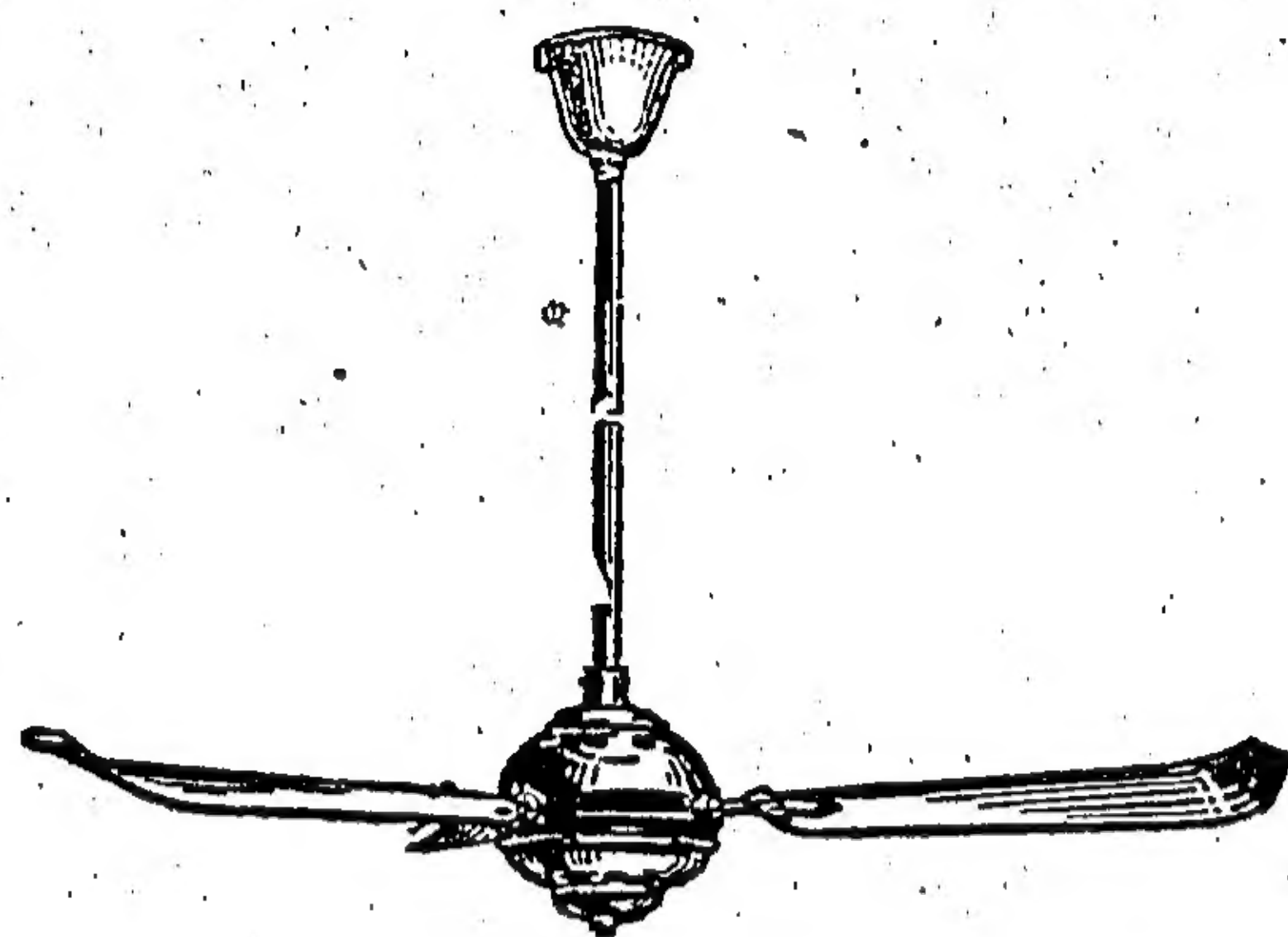
So soothing and grateful to the
tenderest skin

PEERLESS
ERASMIC
The Dainty SOAP

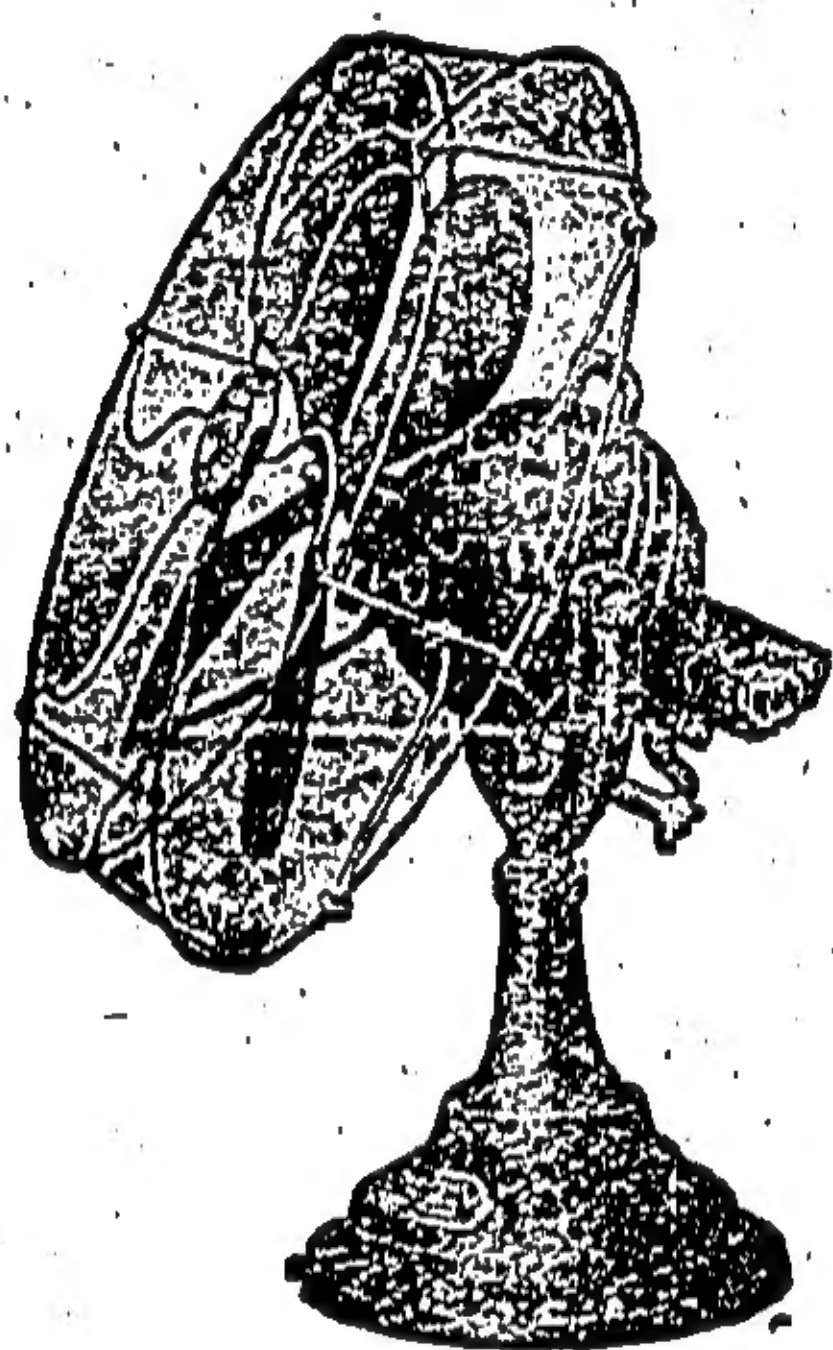
All Chemists and Stores have Erasmic Toilet Specialties

A.P.R. 28.

ALL BRITISH "VERITYS" CEILING FANS



"VERITYS" DESK FANS



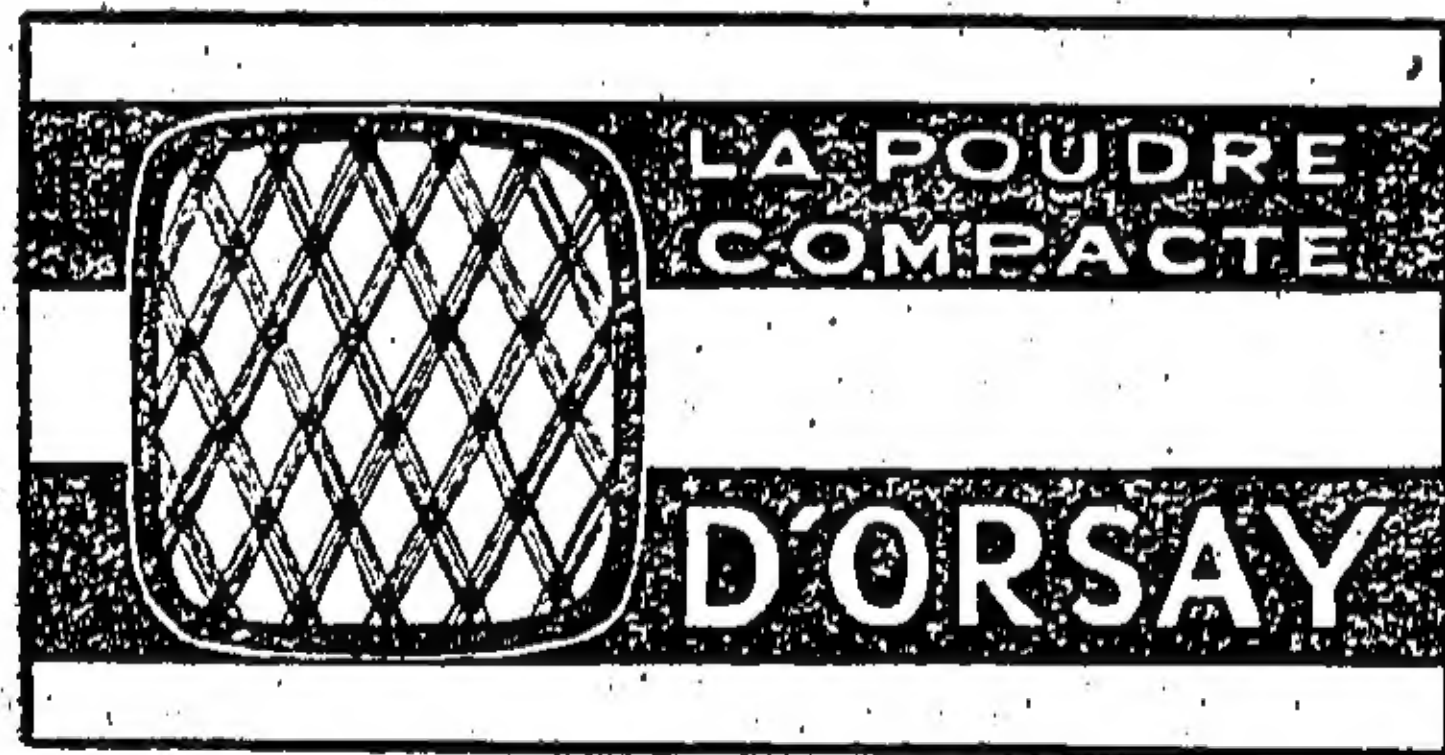
Stocks Carried

Prices and Particulars obtainable from

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Sole Agents.

Tel. 27781.



THE LAST WORD
IN COMPACTS

The Colonial Dispensary

18, Queen's Road Central

Telephone C. 21877.

WOMEN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

THE VALUE OF CELLULOSE.

[By a Hospital Matron.]

Cellulose is the woody, pithy fibre which constitutes the bulky framework of fruits and vegetables. It is absolutely essential to health, and we should be careful to include a sufficiency of the cellulose containing foods in our daily dietary.

Cellulose is certainly indigestible in the sense that it cannot be converted into actual nourishment, and so be assimilated by the tissues, but it has a supreme function in the gastro-intestinal tract, wherein it is never intended to be absorbed but is meant to act as roughage. By virtue of its bulk, it stimulates the muscular walls of the alimentary canal to vigorous contraction, and it also subjects them to a thorough, mechanical scouring.

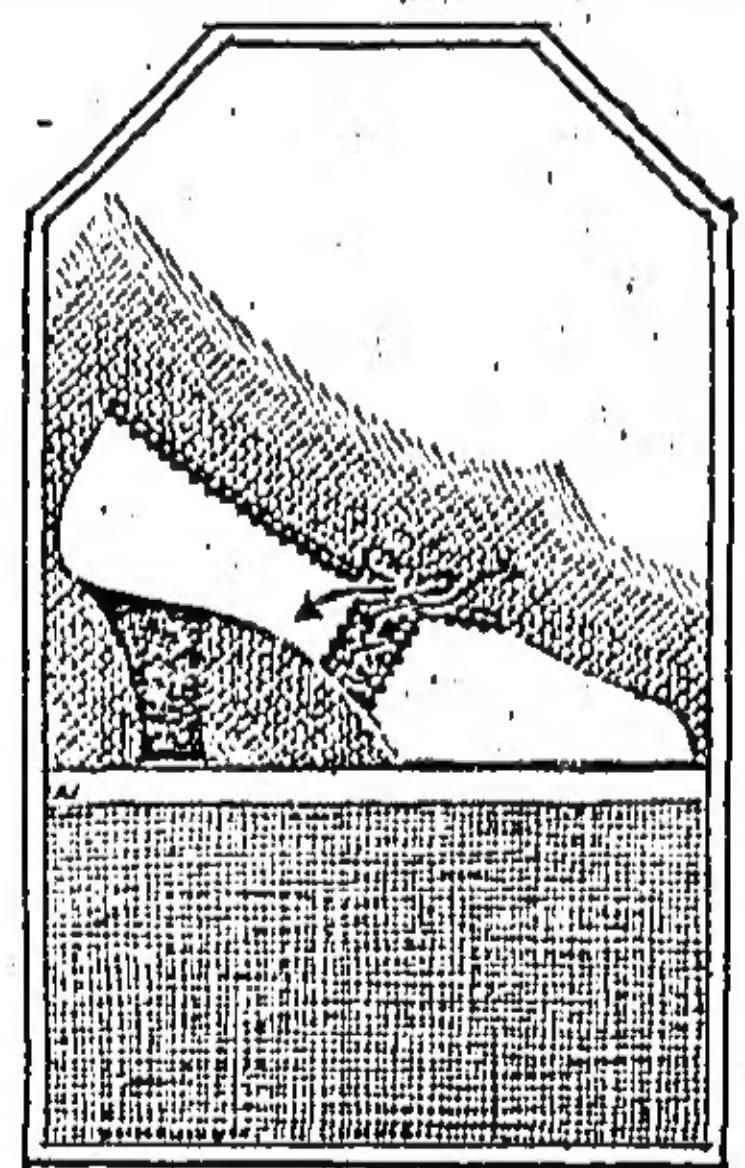
Chronic Poisoning.

A diet rich in cellulose ensures that there is no risk of idle, fermenting food, lurking in pockets of the canal, and thus flooding the circulation with daily doses of depressing toxins. When there is an insufficiency of this essential "ballast" in the diet, the intestinal contractions are slowed down or arrested for days at a time, and the individual concerned becomes a victim to chronic poisoning by absorption.

Doctors are agreed that chronic poisoning by absorption from the intestine is the root of nearly all diseases. Even mechanical troubles and many deformities such as flat foot can be traced to the same origin, because of the general muscular weakness which follows. The first symptoms of poisoning, which are too often neglected, are head-ache, lethargy, depression, and digestive disturbances. Appendicitis, however acute an attack may be, is merely an indication of a thoroughly unhealthy interior.

Many people complain that a liberal inclusion in the dietary of fruits and vegetables causes indigestion and even gripping pains. The powerfully stimulating action of the cellulose merely indicates that there was an immense necessity for this invaluable fibre. Certainly, vegetables should always be obtained in as young and as fresh a condition as possible since no one can digest the really old ones, in which the cellulose is almost as hard as wood.

It is a well-known fact that persons who never dare to retire to bed without swallowing a perfect battery of laxatives can in a very short time, after turning to a diet rich in cellulose, dispense with these unnatural and unreliable aids to health.



An attractive brown calf and white buck spectator sport shoe had an ingenious side lacing of brown silk cord finished with brown wooden triangles.

BE YOUR AGE.

NOW THAT STYLES HAVE GONE ELEGANTIA MOTHERS' AND DAUGHTERS CAN BE DISTINGUISHED BY THEIR CLOTHES



WHEN WASHING SILK.

Some Useful Hints.

This year silks have returned to favour, bringing with them the problem of correct washing.

For black and white silk, use soft water, rain water if possible, and add a good handful of salt. Wash the silk in a warm soapy lather; do not rub, but squeeze gently; rinse quickly and fold in cloths to dry. Iron on the wrong side while still damp.

White silk should be soaked in cold water for half an hour to loosen the dirt. Squeeze out, then wash in tepid lather made from soap flakes, until quite clean. Do not rub, as this separates the silk threads. Hot water and too much soap turn the silk yellow.

Rinse thoroughly in lukewarm water to remove the soap, and in cold to clear the colour. Then rinse in cold, blue water, to which has been added a teaspoonful of methylated spirit to each quart of water. This will give the silk a gloss when ironed.

Roll the silk up in a towel, and if thick, pass it through the wringer. Leave rolled up until next day, then iron.

Tussore and Shantung silks are washed and rinsed like white silk, but should be ironed when perfectly dry to ensure success.

Crepe de chine will be improved if borax is added to the washing

water. This helps to preserve the gloss and enables the dirt to be removed more easily.

Coloured silks are washed in a similar manner to white silk, but, when rinsing, add a tablespoonful of vinegar to every gallon of warm water, except for blues, when salt is added. Iron on the wrong side.

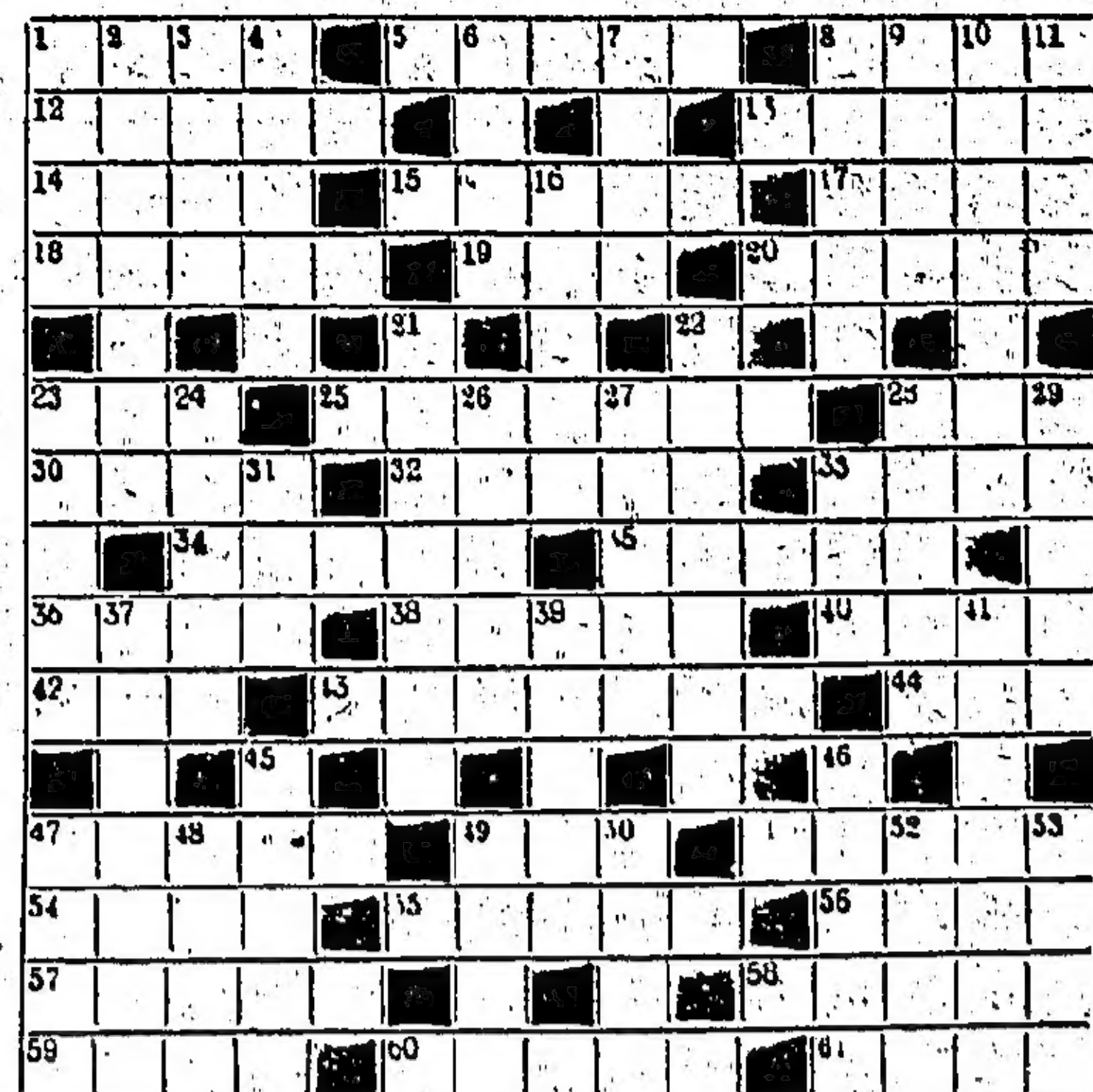
Silk Jumper Suits.

First tack down any pleats, to hold them in position; then run a tacking thread round the jumper neck and pull it up a little. Tack the tops of pockets and any other loose portions. Remove buttons if large and highly polished.

Now tack the skirt and jumper to large towels and wash suit and towel together. Wash in several warm soapy lathers, squeezing and kneading to remove as much dirt as possible. Pass through the wringer between each washing to remove the dirty water. Rinse in tepid water to remove all soap. If the suit is blue or white, rinse in lukewarm blue water, for other colours, in lukewarm vinegar water, to revive the colours. Pass through the wringer several times, changing the folds each time. When well wrung, lay on a table and straighten into shape, then hang up the towel, with suit attached, to dry slightly.

Press with a warm iron, laying a cloth over the suit to prevent undue gloss. Remove all tacking threads while ironing. Hang skirt and jumper on coat hangers to air off.

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



- Across.
- Native of Arabia.
 - Milk container.
 - Peculiar skill.
 - Title.
 - Small open boat.
 - In place of.
 - Slight anger.
 - System of signals.
 - Raise in spirits.
 - Groove.
 - Note in music.
 - Collection of sayings.
 - Lives healthily.
 - Precedence.
 - Unslightly.
 - Remaining fragment.
 - Brick structure.
 - Lukewarm.
 - Native of Saxony.
 - Cold refreshments.
 - Sound.
 - Acceptable to the palate.
 - Mountain top.
 - Signified.
 - Small bed.
 - Bird allied to the lark.
 - Stop the mouth of.
 - Mere show.
 - Sour.
 - Musical instrument.
 - Funeral carriage.
 - Nude.
 - Join.
 - Valley.
 - Rude.
 - List of candidates.
- Down.
- Fit.
 - Fence.
 - Enclosed space.
 - Fights.
 - Inheritor.
 - Multitude.
 - Silent.

- Northwith.
- Pertaining to a code.
- Overflow.
- Cover.
- Shrink.
- Eras.
- Check.
- Change.
- Two parapets of raised earth.
- Call upon.
- Sudden fright.
- Rain and hail.
- Affirmative.
- Conquered.
- Funny.
- True.
- Yield.
- Make wider.
- Commotion.
- Sudden pain.
- Fresh water fish.
- Clothes.
- Happy.
- Irritate.
- Once.

Yesterday's Solution.

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STAB WHOM WHIM
COLONIAL MENACE
HAVE TRICE S MEW
U E H P A R S E B E
B S A I L G A S C L O D
P P R O B E D A R E A
S E C R E T E L O C U S T S
T R O D L E A R S H
T E F N B A A T I E S A
D P A L M S I L
A B E T I M P E L E S E
M E N I A L R E I N D E E R
P A C E L E N S G N A T
R E S I N Y P O E T S

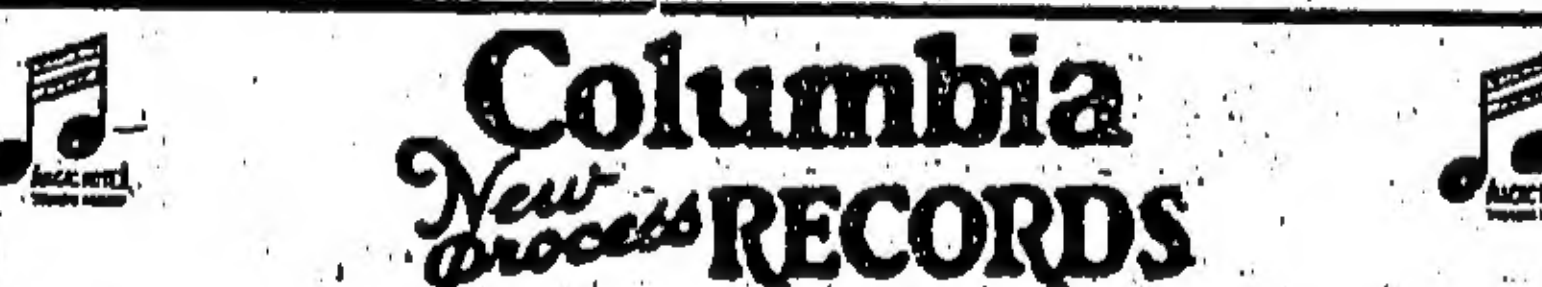


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LAZY LOUISIANA
DB 37 HAPPY DAY'S
LUCKY ME
DB 38 SILVER MOON
AIN'T IT GRAND
DB 122 RO. RO. ROLLIN
HAPPY FEET

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CHATER ROAD.

For Early Season's Wear—

LIGHT-WEIGHT WOOLLIES

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NEW

FOUR-PIECE SUITS

WITH CAP

Also:—

PULLOVERS & CARDIGANS
ideal for wearing after the game!

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LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

NEVER BEFORE A STUDEBAKER SO LOW IN PRICE!

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| 1924 ... Light Six | G\$ 945 |
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Hotels, Ltd.**

The Hongkong Telegraph

TUESDAY, AUG. 26 1930.

ELECTORAL REFORM.

After the last General Election, a great deal was heard regarding the desirability of some reform of the British electoral system which would remedy the many anomalies which arose from the existing method of returning Members of Parliament. The Liberals were especially keen on action being taken, for the simple reason that they suffered most in the last appeal to the people. At the same time, the other two Parties, which have also been the victims of an admittedly unsatisfactory system, felt that the time was ripe for a change of some kind. A Conference on Electoral Reform was therefore appointed, under the chairmanship of Lord Ullswater. All three Parties were represented on it, and it was hoped that some arrangement acceptable to all would result. From Home papers, however, we learn that the effort has proved fruitless, a division of opinion on strictly Party lines having rendered agreement impossible.

In reporting to the Prime Minister on the matter, Lord Ullswater states that it became clear after a time that there would be great difficulty in obtaining any general agreement in answer to the question whether any, and if so what, system of election could be recommended in place of the present method. Several proposals had been put forward by the Liberals, but the Labour members were against all of them. Liberals and Conservatives agreed to a resolution in favour of Proportional Representation with a single transferable vote, but most of the Conservatives imposed a condition that the Conference must first decide that a change of some character must be made. On the other hand the Labour representatives showed a disposition to entertain the Alternative Vote, if it were accompanied by other electoral changes. These included reduction of election expenses, publication of accounts by political parties nationally and locally, the inclusion in election expenses of payments to speakers and their expenses, prohibition of the use of motor-cars to take voters to the poll except in special circumstances, abolition of all plural voting, abolition of double-member constituencies, and the reduction in costs of election petition expenses. Lord Ullswater ruled that some of these

matters went beyond the terms of reference, whilst the Conservatives took the view that if the question of corrupt practices were raised, other matters such as intimidation, personal rowdiness and slander of candidates or Party leaders should be included. As the Conference could only, at the best, submit to the Government a few resolutions carried on party lines, its chairman informed the Prime Minister that there was no alternative but to discontinue the proceedings.

To the student of politics, it does seem regrettable that some advance could not be made towards the aim in view—some amendment of the electoral system which would make our Parliamentary elections more truly reflect national opinion than they do at present. In the old days, when elections were fights between Tories and Liberals, the minority representation issue did not arise. But under present conditions, with so many triangular fights, it often happens that the member returned does not represent the political feelings of the majority of the electorate. The Liberals would apparently welcome any change that would be an improvement on the present system, but it has to be remembered that the problem is a complex one and that there is a danger in meddling with the present system of making changes which will complicate matters and confuse the electorate. As for the political results of the failure of the Conference, the view has been put forward by a prominent Conservative journal that the Liberals will be less anxious than ever to go to the country, preferring to keep the Government in office in order to keep themselves in Parliament. As to whether that is a just appreciation of the situation, the coming autumn will probably indicate.

Australian Imports.

The drastic upward revisions of tariffs and restrictions introduced by the Australian Government earlier in the year in order to combat the heavy and accumulating adverse balance of foreign trade, have already begun to exercise a marked effect on the trade returns. In April and May the excess of imports showed a progressive diminution, while in June there was an actual export balance of £2,500,000. This is the first time that Australian exports have exceeded imports for many months. In June the imports were only £6,000,000, which represents a record low level for many years, and is exactly one half the volume of imports in June, 1929. In the last six months of 1929, Australia imported £73,400,000 worth of goods and exported £47,400,000, the adverse balance being thus £26,000,000. Yet in the first six months of this year she has contrived to reduce the adverse balance to only £8,000,000. This has been achieved exclusively by a reduction of imports, for while we find that the exports in the second period were practically identical with those in the first, the imports declined by no less than £18,000,000, or about 25 per cent. Australia has thus gone a considerable way towards eliminating the adverse balance which had become such a serious menace at the turn of the year, and the deficit has been partially covered by the export of over £17,000,000 in gold during the first half of 1930. A deficit nevertheless still remains, and Australia is not yet out of her exchange difficulties. It is more-over, not by reduction of imports, but by an increase of exports that her road to ultimate prosperity lies, and it is only in June that this export increase has begun to manifest itself. Meanwhile the drastic restriction of Australian imports is of course reacting very unfavourably on the export trade of Great Britain, as Australia is her second largest export market, coming next to India.

The fifth of the series of public band concerts is to be held on the Kowloon Football Club ground at 9 p.m. to-morrow. On this occasion, the band of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will provide the programme.

DAY BY DAY

THERE IS NO MORE REAL SATISFACTION IN LAYING UP IN YURE BUZZUM AN INJURY, THAN THERE IS IN STUFFING A DEAD HORNET WHO HAZ STUNG YOU, AND KEEPING HIM TOW LOOK AT.—*Josh Billings.*

The Empress of Canada left Shanghai to-day at 10 a.m. and is due at Hongkong on Thursday at 9 a.m.

Mr. Lindsell registered a conviction against Acting Sergeant Ali Ahmed, attached to the West Point Police Station, on the man's appearance this morning on remand on a charge of accepting a bribe of \$1.60 from a hawker in Centre Street. The defendant was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

A Chinese was convicted by Mr. Whyte-Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy to-day, of having stolen a blanket from a small boy in Temple Street. The defendant said he saw the boy sleeping with the blanket by his side and took it. As a previous conviction for larceny was recorded against the defendant, he was sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

The Eastern Extension Telegraph Company has received from its head office an intimation that the estimated traffic receipts of the Imperial and International Communications, Ltd., for July are £437,220. This compares with receipts for July of last year of £514,994. The aggregate receipts from January to July this year are £3,244,943, as against £3,623,143 for the same period in 1929.

Bringing up a Central Market man for assault, in Jubilee Street yesterday, an Indian constable complained to Mr. Butters, at the Central Magistracy this morning, that the man had flung a fish-basket at his head and used a bamboo pole on him. This was after he had warned the man for street gambling and causing an obstruction of the footpath. Inspector Shaftain said he could discover no marks on the P.C., who looked "spotlessly clean". His Worship convicted the defendant, and bound him over in a sum of \$50.

The health bulletin of Eastern ports for the week ended August 16, issued by the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, gives the following cases, the figures in parenthesis indicating deaths: Plague, Alexandria 4 (3), Baghdad 2 (1), Colombo 1 (1), Cholera, Bombay 2 (1), Calcutta 17 (10), Ilo-Ilo 32 (19), Bangkok 1 (1), Phnom-Penh 3 (1), Saigon 1, Small-pox, Baghdad 1 (1), Bombay 2 (2), Calcutta 12 (8), Cochín 4, Karachi 2 (1), Madras 9 (5), Nagapatnam 2 (1), Rangoon 1, Penang 1 (1), Batavia 1 (1), Cerebro-spinal fever (2).

Kind Hearts are Less Than Coronets.

IN the days when women had time to embroider black-berries in French knots on long strips of brown holland and adapt them to household purposes it was commonly accepted that kind hearts were more than coronets, and, along with many another agreeable and neat precept, this was accepted, writes Dorothy Black in the *Daily Mail*. Nobody ever thought of questioning it.

I do not know whether in those good old days kind hearts were all they were cracked up to be. All I know is that to-day it simply is not true.

It is not a bit true, but, like out-of-date pieces of furniture kept for sentimental reasons, these ideas still hang about good homes. The young are introduced to them seriously and asked to give them their full attention.

Facing the Facts.

We keep on saying them to the young, partly because we are an uninvincible generation and cannot think of anything else to say, partly because we have not been courageous enough to face facts ourselves. It is so much easier not to face a whole lot of facts in a short life.

Let us get down to it quietly, abandoning illusion and sentiment. Is a kind heart in this world of more use to its owner than a coronet?

The world is full of kind hearts, but I do not see them invited to banquets on the strength of that. They are not courted and encouraged and their shortcomings overlooked and their vulgarities tolerated because their hearts are kind. Their pathway through life is made not easier but more difficult.

Kind-hearted people have a knack of seeing the other fellow's point of view—of not getting it down in black and white, because they hate to put you to the bother of fetching pen and paper.

Virtue's Reward.

No doubt for its own end the world prefers the kind hearts. It is lying in wait for them at every corner! But it plumps up the cushion and heats the plate and warms the bed for the coronet every time. I am not going to tell my children that the world thinks kind hearts are more than coronets. The most I can say is that kind hearts are probably taxed less than coronets, and leave it at that.

Another superannuated piece of mental furniture found in all good homes is that virtue is its own and sufficient reward.

For those with remarkably small appetite for reward this may be the case, but how un-hungry they must be. Virtue is an art practised

ed by artists at life, for art's sake. Those who are after rewards barely take it into consideration, save as a convenient slogan, turning their attention to the thing that pays. And who among us, in the face of modern politics and business methods, can say, without putting his tongue in his cheek, that this is honesty?

Honesty is a hobby that can only be practised by persons of large private means and those few souls who still find themselves attracted by whatsoever is beautiful and good and true in spite of monetary considerations.

There will always be such people, but large rewards in this world are seldom theirs. Honesty is a lovely flower, but only the connoisseur can afford to cultivate it.

Bluff Pays Best.

If by the best policy we mean the most paying policy I would recommend the good old game of bluff.

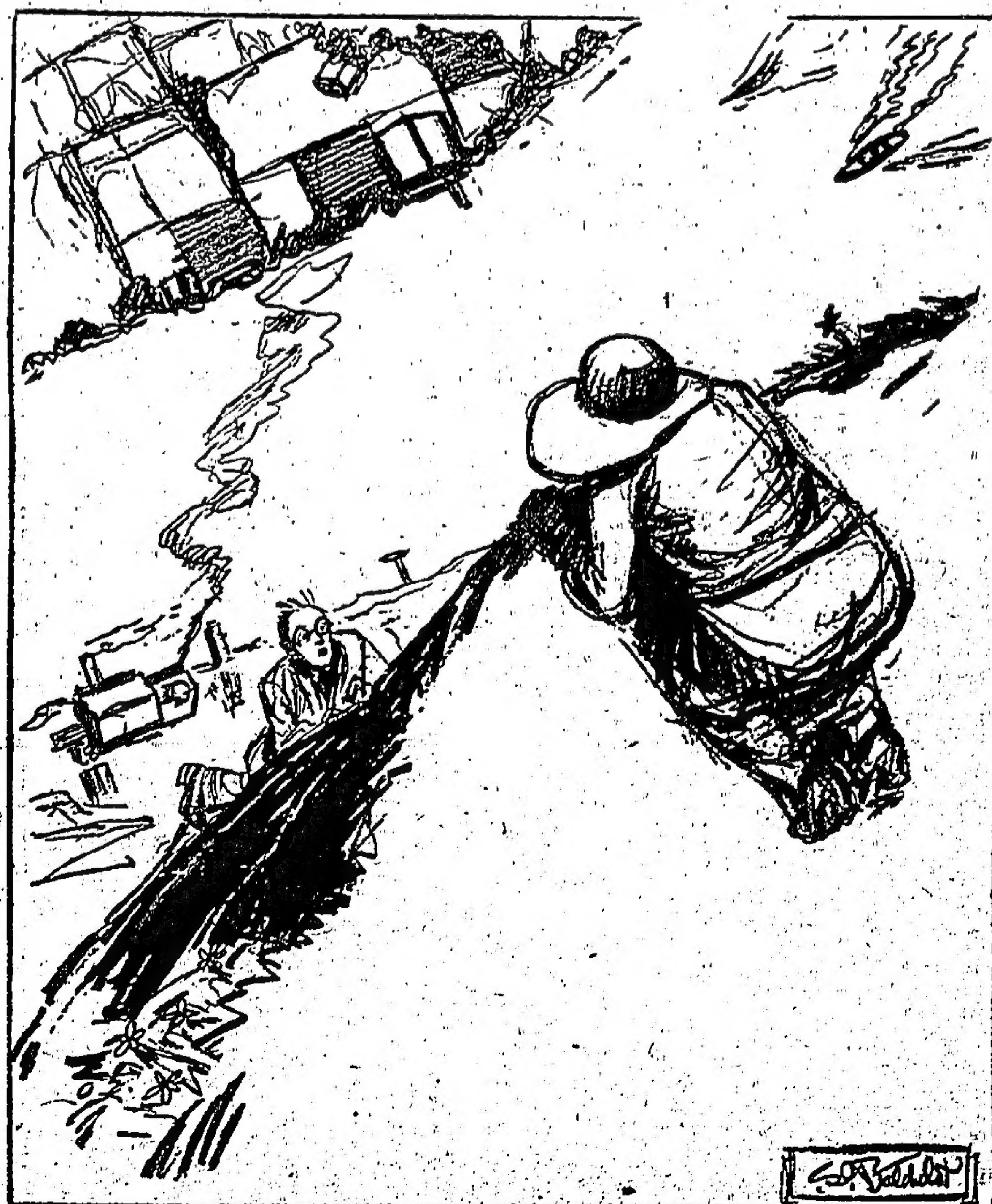
The only culture we are interested in to-day is the kind that is going to pay. The cultured person is, if anything, a nuisance and one who cannot be relied upon to step off with the right foot first, or appreciate what passes for humour to-day, when two or three are gathered together to make all that noise that is called having a good time. The old order changes. Rudeness wears a new face and is called wit. To be slightly immoral is rather smart. Courtesy is regarded as weakness, and to have any feelings whatever for other people shows lack of character. Notoriety passes for fame.

Let us call spades spades to our children and tell them what they must expect, instead of bringing them up to an ideal which, however charming, is quite out of date. Children born into nice families are fed on a diet of sentimental illusion, taught to believe the world appreciates qualities that, in truth, the world has little use for. Illusions they have to part with, one by one.

Why not be Honest?

Why not be honest with them, and breed courageous little sceptics who will look life squarely in the face? It will help them to take the world's valuation for what it is worth. It will save them the bitterness of having to readjust their perspective later on.

They will go out to life efficiently armed, instead of spending weary years trying to find their feet. Nor shall we do them any harm, for nothing is ever going to put out the little flame that burns like a lamp in the heart of man, and gives us our poets, our dreamers, and those other pleasant people who, like flowers in a drawing-room, make every day charming.



Little Comforter—"You'll be glad to know, Horace, that Einstein says space is the world's ultimate reality."

COLLISION WITH A
RICKSHA.SEQUEL TO ACCIDENT IN
QUEEN'S ROAD.

ALLEGED DAMAGE.

An incident which occurred in Queen's Road, opposite the China Building on August 6, was recalled before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Police Court this morning when, on the complaint of Lau Man-chao, a member of the Chinese Press, a summons for failing to report an accident was brought against Lam Kai-tit, driver of motor car No. 2073.

Mr. Horace Lo was for the defendant and intimated that the defendant admitted having struck the complainant's ricksha, but that there had been no damage whatsoever, either to the vehicle or to the complainant.

Inspector Alexander indicated that the complainant was thrown on to the roadway. When he went to the Traffic Office he exhibited an injury to his arm.

Mr. Lo said that if the complainant had been thrown to the ground then it was clearly an accident, but that was absolutely denied by the defendant. The car hit the ricksha but there had been no injury or damage.

Lau Man-chao, in the witness box, stated that his ricksha was travelling from East to West in Queen's Road opposite China Building when it was suddenly bumped into from behind. Witness was thrown to the ground, while the coolie was pinned under the ricksha. Witness spoke to the defendant, who was the driver of the motor car 2073, which had collided with the ricksha, and demanded an explanation as well as costs for the repair of the ricksha. Damage to the extent of \$15 had been caused, witness producing a receipt for that amount.

Mr. Lo:—Your ricksha was swerving gradually to the right hand side of the road?

His Worship asked if the question were material and intimated that who was to blame for the accident was neither here nor there. The whole point was whether there had been an accident and whether the defendant had reported it.

Later his Worship allowed the question to be put from the point of view of compensation.

When asked, the witness denied that the ricksha had swerved. He also denied that the ricksha had stopped without any warning to traffic approaching from the rear.

Witness intimated that he did certain work for the *China Tribune* but denied being responsible for an account of the accident which appeared in that paper the following day.

Mr. Lo:—And the article is slanderous to the defendant?

His Worship:—Surely I am not concerned with that?

At this juncture the summons was adjourned till Friday at noon.

BELLICOSE WHARF
COOLIE.DANGEROUS MAN SENT TO
PRISON.

"You are a dangerous man and a fighter," said Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning to a wharf coolie, who was charged by Inspector Marks with having assaulted Ip Sui, an electrician, in Canton Road last night.

Inspector Marks stated that the defendant was arrested by a district watchman and was first accused of the theft of a gold wrist watch belonging to the complainant. It appeared that the defendant was sent from Mong Kok to assault the complainant. During the scuffle the watch dropped on the road but was recovered later.

The defendant said the complainant had assaulted one of his clansmen some time ago, and when he asked the complainant not to touch any of his clansmen again, he lost his temper and started the fight.

Defendant's record showed that this was his second offence for assault. He was now sentenced to one month's imprisonment and was bound in a bond of \$100 to keep the peace for one year.

AMERICAN BASEBALL.

TWO GAMES PLAYED IN THE
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, Aug. 25.
Two games were played in the American baseball league to-day, resulting as follows:
Philadelphia 2 Washington 3
Detroit 7 St. Louis 5
—*Reuter's American Service.*

OFFICER SHOT IN
THE BACK.TRIBAL OUTRAGE ON THE
INDIAN BORDER.

FIGHTING FOLLOWS.

Simla, Aug. 25.
While reports from the Kurram region chronicle the complete surrender of the Massozai tribesmen, a serious clash has occurred with the Hathi Khel Wazirs, resulting in heavy casualties in hand-to-hand fighting.

The British casualties are eight killed and ten wounded, including Captain Ashcroft killed.

The Hathi Khels lost 26 killed and five wounded, while seventy were taken prisoners.—*Reuter.*

Details of the Hathi Khel show that Captain Ashcroft, with a mixed force of infantry, frontier constabulary and police, moved from Bannu to occupy the ground where a meeting under a hostile Mullah had been advertised.

The Mullah appeared with a large force, one member of which attacked Captain Ashcroft. While the latter was defending himself he was shot dead from behind.

A general engagement followed in which the Mullah himself was killed.

Officers and men of the Royal Air Force attended at Jirga in Kurram where the Massozais tendered complete submission. They brought in all fugitives from justice hiding in their territory, including a man who had been outlawed for twenty-five years.

The Massozais agreed to ban the Congress preachers in their territory.—*Reuter.*

WOMAN FINED ON A
SERIOUS CHARGE.POLICE RAID ON HOUSES OF
ILL-FAME.

Sub-Inspector W. Le F. Chevalier, before Mr. Whyte Smith at Kowloon this morning, charged a Chinese woman with having run a "sly" brothel.

The Inspector said that there were two houses, Nos. 10 and 4, Cheung Lok Street, and when one was crowded the customers were sent to the other. They had both been under police observation for over twelve months. When he raided No. 4 last night, he found two Europeans there. The houses were run by a clique of about 10 people, but the defendant was the mistress of No. 4.

The defendant said she was an amah and was running the place for one day in the absence of her mistress who was in the country. The defendant admitted it was a "sly" brothel.

Sub-Inspector Chevalier asked for a heavy penalty, as conditions in that street were disgraceful.

A fine of \$75, or six weeks' imprisonment, was imposed.

FANATIC ARRESTED
ON TRAIN.BELIEVED DESIGNS ON THE
EGYPTIAN PREMIER.

Cairo, Aug. 25.
A Berber dressed as a waiter, and armed with a sharp axe, was found in the corridor of a train, outside the compartment in which the Premier, Sidky Pasha, was travelling to Cairo, shortly after the train left Alexandria.

The man, who was arrested, is believed to have had designs on the Premier's life.—*Reuter.*

Cairo, Later.
The man arrested on the train is a Sudanese named Hussein Taher. He is a draughtsman employed by the State Railways and was educated at Gordon College, Khartoum. His father, Taher Bey, formerly a Deputy, is a keen British supporter.—*Reuter.*

SNATCHED BANGLES
FROM BABY.BOY'S FUTILE ATTEMPT
TO ESCAPE.

A young Chinese, 14 years of age, appeared before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy this morning on a charge of snatching a pair of bangles from a child being carried by its mother at the junction of First and Centre Streets yesterday morning.

The defendant, who admitted the charge, was alleged to have snatched the bangles and run away. The woman raised the alarm and a Chinese constable who was attracted to the scene followed, arresting the defendant after a short chase.

His Worship ordered the defendant to be detained for 48 hours and to receive 16 strokes of the birch.

NURSE AWARDED
DAMAGES.

(Continued from Page 1.)

age had made her seek a mate. It further represented that she was not fit to mix with good company and that she was not a fit person to be a nurse.

His Lordship:—I agree that the article is generally insulting but I want to know exactly what she has suffered by it.

In the witness box, plaintiff said she knew the article referred to her, and her friends thought the same. It had come to the notice of the Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital who had instructed the House Surgeon to make enquiries with regard to it. Plaintiff further stated she considered that her reputation had been damaged.

When his Lordship asked what harm the article might have on plaintiff's future career, Mr. Lo said it was probable that when plaintiff had passed her examinations and wished to set up her own private practice she might have difficulty in doing so for the reason that expectant mothers would not want the type of girl indicated in the article, frivolous and flirty, to attend them.

Disgusting Articles.

Mr. Lo continued that such cases had been too frequent of late and the Colony should be "purified" of the "mosquito" paper atmosphere. The people responsible for such papers were always making attacks on persons who could not defend themselves, and they should be sternly prevented from printing such disgusting articles. Plaintiff was a defenceless woman and had no money for legal proceedings in order to defend her character and reputation. How he (Mr. Lo) came into the case was not a matter which concerned the Court.

Concluding, Mr. Lo said that damages came under four heads, contemptuous, nominal, substantial and vindictive, and he submitted that the case was sufficiently serious for it to be brought under the last-named heading.

His Lordship agreed, saying he was very sorry for plaintiff and expressing the hope that such a scurrilous and unfounded article would not injure her career. As the case had been brought in Summary Jurisdiction, however, the limit which could be awarded was \$1,000 and he would award that amount to plaintiff with costs.

Judgment was entered accordingly.

TRADE STATISTICS
DIFFICULTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

clerk to copy from an invoice a quotation such as 'Five dozen Autos No. 1' is useless to the Department, for the Office is not to know that it refers to razors.

Then again, invoices from Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, Belgium or any other foreign countries, are entered in their own particular weights, measures and trade-names, and it is inconceivable that the Statistical Office should translate them.

"I feel sure that neither the Chamber of Commerce, who are responsible for the compilation of the Classification List, or the merchants, would entertain the idea of allowing duplicate invoices to be submitted to the Statistical Office.

Exchange Conversion.

"You must also remember that the value of the goods has to be quoted in local coinage at F.O.B. rates, and you cannot expect the Statistical Office to have to translate the value of goods which are quoted on foreign invoices such as those from France, Russia, India, etc where the coinage of the particular country is entered on the invoices, to the corresponding value in local coinage. In addition, this is made more impossible by the fact that most firms have special contract quotations, so that the ordinary rates of the day would not apply."

As a piece of advice, Mr. Lloyd emphasised that any merchant or retailer who was in doubt concerning the correct entry of a particular article could always remedy his difficulty by making enquiries from the clerk-in-charge at the Statistical Office. He could send a representative round, who would receive every assistance from the Office.

Four Points.

The four chief points which firms should bear in mind were:

(1).—Possess a copy of the Classification List and when in doubt refer to it.
(2).—Don't enter goods in their proprietary name and don't use trade-names.
(3).—Don't allow clerks to enter from invoices.
(4).—If the Classification List does not solve your difficulty, consult the Statistical Office; they will.

LICENSING LAW
REFORM.NEW PLAN OUTLINED BY
LORD CECIL.

ABSURD CONTROL.

Placing a new scheme of public-house control before the Licensing Commission, Lord Hugh Cecil said: "My principle is that the licensing laws should be regulated to public convenience. For example, I dissent altogether from the present policy of trying to suppress night clubs, assuming they are well conducted."

"If people want to drink champagne at two o'clock in the morning, I do not see why they should not. I think the law which tries to stop them goes far away from public conscience and is absurd."

Declaring that he was expressly against total abstinence, Lord Hugh suggested that:

1. A licensing authority should be set up in county, county borough or municipal boroughs, one-half elected by the magistrates and the other half by the local authority, and composed of persons who would be required to sign declarations that they had no pecuniary interest in the liquor trade or that they thought it desirable that all citizens should become total abstainers.

2. This committee should have power to prescribe sale of liquor hours either for the whole of the area or for any part of it, even for any street.

Back to Pre-War Hours.

The committee would have powers to penalise ill-conducted public-houses by shortening their hours. On the other hand, well-conducted houses would be allowed to sell during very long hours. Maximum hours might be pre-war hours and the minimum hours either war hours or hours still shorter—possibly the present hours for Sunday.

Replying to Mr. L. Hitchings (a member of the Commission), Lord Hugh Cecil said that he considered drunkenness was when a man was a nuisance to his neighbours.

"As long as he is only damaging his own health you have no more right to stop him than when he eats lobster salad when his doctor tells him not to."

FORMER P.W.D. MAN
STEALS WIRE.BADGE PRODUCTION OF
NO AVAIL.

A former employee of the P.W.D., Wu Hon, was charged before Mr. Butters at the Central Police Court this morning, with the theft of a quantity of telephone wires.

Mr. Giggs, of the P. W. D. said he believed that the wire came from a telephone extension at Severn Road. He knew the man to have been employed, until six weeks ago, in the wireless section of the Electrical Branch of the Department.

Inspector Shaftain, prosecuting, said Wu was stopped by an Indian constable at Magazine Gap, and questioned with regard to the wire which he was carrying in a bag.

On the production of a P. W. D. workman's badge, the constable was going to let Wu go, but on second thoughts, he detained the man, while telephoning to Inspector Shaftain for directions.

Subsequently, after being taken to the station, enquiries revealed that the man was no longer connected with the Department.

Mr. Giggs said that in any case, the badge produced by the man was not one which would have been issued by the Electrical Department.

Defendant was sentenced to four months' hard labour.

ROBBERY NIPPED IN
THE BUD.POLICE GET WIND OF A
GANG'S ACTIVITY.

Receiving a timely warning of the intentions of an alleged gang of armed robbers, Sub-Inspector M. Murphy and a party of detectives from the Wanchai Station were instrumental in frustrating the plans of the gang by having the men arrested.

On the appearance of four Chinese before Mr. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy to-day, they were charged with being in possession of a knife, a dagger, pointed pieces of iron, wire and potatoes which were alleged by the Police to have been for an unlawful purpose.

The men admitted possession of some of the articles mentioned, but denied possession of others. Sub-Inspector Murphy informed his Worship that information had

MIXED BABIES OF
CHICAGO.PARENTS IGNORE DECISION
OF A JURY.

FATHERS' INSTINCT.

The now famous dispute over the "mixed babies of Chicago" ended when the rival parents—Mr. and Mrs. Watkins and Mr. and Mrs. Bamberger—decided to keep the babies already in their possession and ignore the decision of the jury of experts that the infants had been muddled in hospital at birth and should now be exchanged.

Clue of the Labels.

Human affection proved stronger than the wisdom of the scientists at the conference between the Bamberger and Watkins families, both sides announcing they had become so attached to the babies that they were unwilling to exchange them.

These boy babies were born the same afternoon in the same hospital, and the families were embroiled in a bitter dispute when a "Watkins" label was found on the Bamberger infant and a "Bamberger" label on Baby Watkins after the mothers had returned to their homes. To unravel the tangle, Chicago's Health Commissioner yesterday summoned 13 medical experts.

After a long debate they decided by a majority that one infant had been substituted for another, and they were now with the wrong parents. Nine experts voted for this decision, one against and two abstained.

When first told the verdict Mr. Bamberger declared: "I won't give up the boy I have. I'll harricade my house."

Threat of Force.

Equally excited, Mr. Watkins asserted that he would take his baby from Mr. Bamberger by force. Both male parents were distracted and the mothers hysterical when they met in conference early today.

The family doctors made peace by advising the parents not to make an exchange as recommended by the experts, pinning their faith to the shape of the infants' heads.

"We guess our instincts are as good as the opinion of the experts," the fathers finally declared in deciding not to exchange.

The experts who decided that the babies had been changed included an anthropologist, a dermatologist, a pathologist, an obstetrician, a psychiatrist and an ophthalmologist. The only dissenting opinion came from Dr. Ferdinand Watzek, a criminologist, who said that a comparison of fingerprints had shown positively that no mistake had been made.

The scientists made a minute examination of the babies' skin, hair, eyes, anatomy, blood and psychiatric reflexes.

The health commissioner, Dr. Kegel, is astonished that the parents have flown in the face of the experts' decision, and says he is considering whether he can pursue the case further in the interest of public policy.

WHEN MUSIC IS A
NUISANCE.STONE-THROWING BY
A NEIGHBOUR.

A householder who threw a stone into a neighbour's house and broke a picture of the King as a protest against the continual playing of a gramophone and the wireless was summoned at Croydon. The summons was dismissed on payment of £1 damage and £1 is. costs.

He was Harold Perks, of Old Lodge Lane, Purley, and he was summoned for doing £5 damage to a picture of the King in the hall of the house next door of Charles E. Grogan.

Mr. Perks said he had spoken to Mrs. Grogan about the continual annoyance of the gramophone and wireless. On July 11 following further annoyance he threw a stone into Mr. Grogan's hall as a protest. He realised now that this was perhaps a little foolish.

He had sold his house at a loss because of this nuisance. Horace Austin, another neighbour, complained of the "hellish noise, jazz, and that kind of thing," from the garden.

Sir Arthur Surgeon, the chairman, said that no doubt there had been intolerable inconvenience for the defendant.

been received that a gang of armed robbers was travelling from Yau-mat to Wanchai with the intention of committing a robbery. A party of police laid in ambush in Triangle Street and on the men's approach they were challenged. The second defendant, who had one of the knives, was seen to discard it in a short chase.

On the application of the prosecution the defendants were all remanded for one week.

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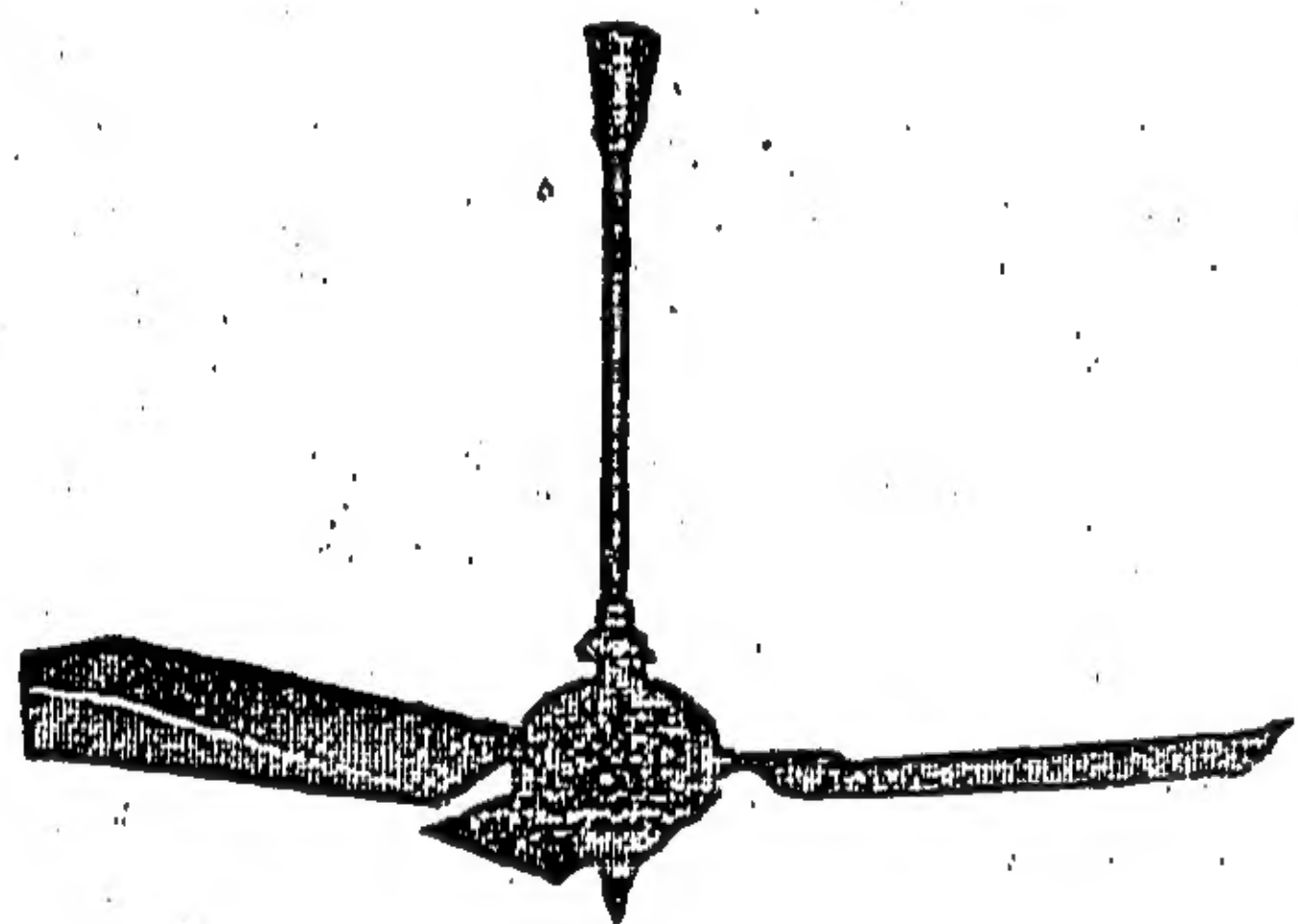
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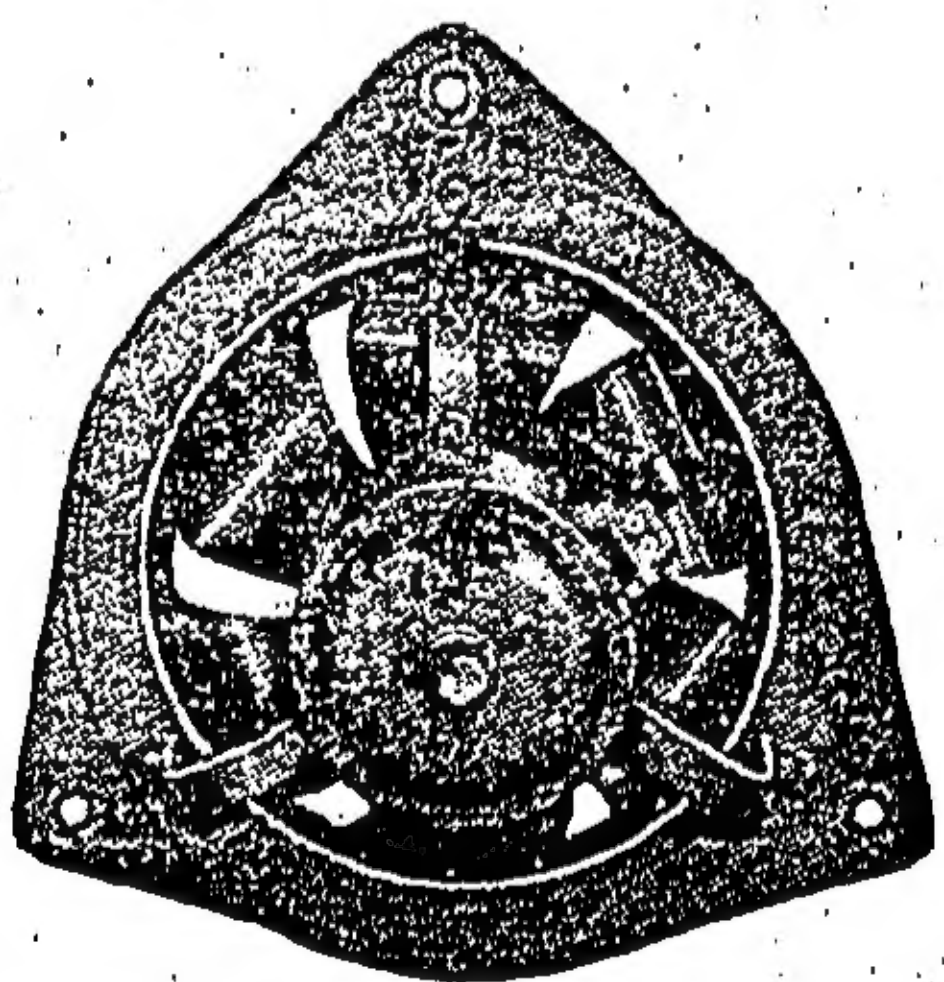
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CINEMA NOTES.

"EMBARRASSING MOMENTS" AT THE QUEEN'S.

Reginald Denny brings down
another flock of laughs in "Em-
barrassing Moments," his latest
Universal dialogue comedy, which
opened at the Queen's Theatre.

This time Denny finds himself
to be the imaginary "trial hus-
band" of a girl whom he has never
seen. His appearance in the
midst of a staid and conservative
family in a small old-fashioned
community leads to complications
of the most amusing order.

Beautiful titian-haired Merna
Kennedy plays the part of Denny's
"trial wife." Her part allows her
to display her screen talent to the
fullest extent.

Otis Harlan contributes materi-
ally to the hilarity in the role of
Merna's watchful father, who be-
lieves that old-fashioned mari-
mony is still the only kind for a
respectable family.

Others in the exceptionally
strong cast are William Austin,
Virginia Sale, Greta Granstedt
and Mary Foy.

William James Craft directed
"Embarrassing Moments" in such
a way that no possible laugh es-
capes. He kept the story's action
at the highest pitch throughout.
The story of "Embarrassing
Moments" is the work of Earle
Snell, who, with Gladys Lehman,
handled the continuity.

"The Four Feathers."

Action—plus adventure, terrors,
and perils of such convincing big-
ness that audiences who beheld
them were swept into transports
of excitement, were projected
again on the screen at the Cen-
tral Theatre yesterday with the
showing of Paramount's epic pic-
ture of the wild African Sudan
country—"The Four Feathers."

Here is "a" picture—and there
is not a word of dialogue in its
entire footage. This alone, in a
day when talkers are rapidly es-
tablishing a new show world, is
ample recommendation for your
seeing it twice or three times. It
is a big picture—one which is too
big even for dialogue. But it
should be said right here that the
excellent musical score, composed
by Wm. Frederick Peters, which
accompanies the picture is a de-
lightful supplement to the visual
interest which the film arouses.

The story is based on the
famous novel of British soldier
life in the Sudan, "The Four Fea-
thers" written by A. E. W. Mason
and often referred to as the "Bri-
tish bible of courage."

Richard Arlan, a young officer,
is branded as a coward by his
comrades. He swears he will
"come back" and he does. How
the youth conquers the stigma of
cowardice forms the theme for the
story which carried him and his
three comrades, Clive Brooks, Wil-
liam Powell and Theodore von
Elitz through the kind of he-man
adventures we have all seen in
"Beau Geste," and then some.

Merian C. Cooper and Ernest B.
Schoedsack, the two wonder-men
of picturedom, whose roving
cameras were responsible for the
remarkable adventure film,
"Chang" and "Grass," spent nearly
two years in Africa, taking the
"shots" which constitute "The
Four Feathers" and for which
they faced unbelievable dangers.

The interior scenes were shot at
Hollywood, with Lothar Mendes
assisting Cooper and Schoedsack
in the direction.

It would be an idle waste of
words to try to describe "The Four
Feathers" in detail here. It can
only be said that here is one of
the most magnificent, one of the
most thrilling adventure pictures
ever shown.

"The Big Party."

"What the well-dressed woman
will wear" is one of the many at-
tractive features of "The Big
Party," the Fox Movietone musical
offering which comes to the screen
of the Queen's Theatre on Wed-
nesday.

During the action in the spec-
tacular modiste's shop sequence, a
series of professional models are
seen displaying the latest modes
in afternoon gowns, evening
gowns and other feminine apparel
as a background for the delightful
story. These costumes, however,
were not merely selected from the
studio wardrobe, but were
specially designed by the noted
fashion creator, Sophie Wach-
ner, in complete accordance with
the newest dictates for spring
wear.

Dixie Lee, Sue Carol and Walter
Catlett enact the featured roles in
this tuneful story of a shop-girl's
romance, which John Blystone
directed from an original story
and script by Harlan Thompson.

When an analytical report con-
cerning the quality of milk was
being discussed by the East Borneo
Urban Council Councillor Mar-
chand said that he had knowledge
of a case in another district in
which "tiddlers" were found in the
milk. Investigation showed that
the lorry driver had taken milk
from a churn in the course of
transit, and had filled it up with
water from a pond.

A DOCTOR MUST TELL.

DEFINITE RULING IN THE DIVORCE COURT.

OLD CONTROVERSY.

It has been ruled in the Divorce
Court that "a doctor must tell."
The whole controversy of medi-
cal secrecy respecting the illnesses
of patients is thus opened afresh.
Lord Merrivale was very empha-
tic. He made it clear that:

If a doctor is called to give evi-
dence before him he must do so
or he will be sent to prison for
contempt of court.

The doctor who raised the ques-
tion in court was Dr. Hugh Wansley
Bayly, of Harley-street, who de-
clared that but for having his
patient's consent he would not
have given evidence.

In an interview Dr. Bayly said:
"I consider it is absolutely
essential for the health of the
community that complete confi-
dence should exist between doctor
and patient."

"The Ministry of Health has let
the public down by saying that
those who attend clinics for treat-
ment shall have the protection of
secrecy. They do not. When
doctors who have administered
such treatment are called in courts
of law they are compelled by the
judge to produce their case sheets
and to tell all the confidential
details."

"There appears to be a conflict
between the Ministry of Health
and the judiciary, and if his goes
on every patient who comes to a
doctor privately or goes to a clinic
must be warned by the doctor that
everything he says may be used
in evidence against him."

"By destroying this confidence
between doctor and patient it will
prevent married patients consult-
ing a doctor at all."

"This law will not be altered as
long as doctors give way to the
courts. Therefore, in my opinion,
it is the duty of the doctor to re-
fuse to divulge his professional
confidences, whatever the conse-
quences to himself must be."

"I Would Refuse Unless—"

The action which brought up
the question was one in which
Mrs. Rachel Irene Lindsey, of Den-
mark-terrace, Brighton, sought the
dissolution of her marriage with
Mr. Joseph Lindsey on the ground
of his misconduct, which was not
denied.

Mr. G. Tyndale, for the wife,
called Dr. Hugh Wansley Bayly,
of Harley-street, who, when ques-
tioned about the husband, asked:
"Have I your lordship's permission
to give my opinion on this im-
portant matter of evidence be-
tween doctor and patient?"

Lord Merrivale: You must give
evidence, doctor; there is no doubt
about that.

Dr. Bayly: I have taken a con-
siderable part in the controversy
on this point and I only want to
show that I am not an assistant.

The Judge: I understand that,
but I direct you to give evidence.

Patient's Permission.

Dr. Bayly: I must explain to
the court before I give evidence
that I have the written permission
of my patient to give evidence,
because if I had not received that
permission I should not have given
evidence and should have been
prepared to go to prison.

The Judge: I should be exceed-
ingly sorry to require your per-
manent attendance here or some-
where else for a time, but if you
do not obey the direction I have
given and if you persist in avoid-
ing it I shall consider that aspect
of the matter.

Dr. Bayly was hesitating when
asked questions by counsel, and
his lordship remarked to him:

"You must not misunderstand
me. I have a duty to discharge
here. You also have a duty as a
medical man and a citizen, but my
duty predominates here."

Dr. Bayly having answered the
questions of counsel a decree nisi
was granted, with costs and cus-
tody of the child to the petitioner.

10 Years' Dispute.

The question has given rise to
numerous discussions in medical
and legal circles for nearly ten
years past.

Early in 1922 Lord Dawson of
Penn, as spokesman for the British
Medical Association, announced
his intention of ventilating the
matter in the House of Lords, and
Lord Birkenhead (then Lord Chan-
cellor) wrote a memorandum to
the Cabinet on the subject.

In this he asked:
Are the Christian Scientist
healer, the herbalist, the quack,
the bonesetter, the chemist to be
covered by the same doctrine as
the doctor? If not, on what
logical theory is the distinction to
be based?

The whole tendency of our law
for many years has been in the
direction of opening the mouths of
those who can assist the course of
justice and not of closing them.

To establish a class who
may at their will assist or obstruct
the judges in their work would be
a retrograde step.

VALUE OF HUMAN LIFE.

FRIENDS' VIEWS ON THE DEATH PENALTY.

Evidence of objection to the
death penalty was heard by the
Select Committee on Capital
Punishment from representatives of
the Society of Friends.

Mr. Carl Heath said:
"We take our stand on the faith
that every human life is of in-
estimable value and contains the
possibilities of moral reclamation."

The chairman (Rev. J. Barr):
Even in the most abandoned?
Mr. Heath: Yes, we regard
Christian teaching of the wrongful-
ness of murder as binding not only
upon individuals, but also upon
communities. On these grounds we
base our opposition to legal killing.

Not Necessary.
"There is no penalty that brings
such distress as the death penalty,"
he added, "and we hold that capital
punishment is not necessary as a
deterrent."

The considerate and Christian
treatment of an offender was as pos-
sible in the case of murder as with
other crimes.

Questions about Nell Cream, the
poisoner, were submitted to Prin-
cipal Barrett Brown, of Ruskin
College Oxford. After dealing
with the Society's opposition to the
death penalty, he was asked what
he would do with a callous, harden-
ed criminal who poisoned one after
another of his victims.

One of his replies was: "I have
been a prisoner myself because I
refused to murder."

Wrong to Execute.

Mr. Lovat Fraser: Nell Cream
poisoned three women and one man
in America. He was in prison
there and let out after ten years.
Then he came here and poisoned
four more people. Do you think it
was wrong to execute him?—Yes,
and it also bears out that mere im-
prisonment is not enough.

Mr. Lovat Fraser: If he had
been executed in America four lives
would have been saved here?

Mr. Barrett Brown said that he
could not think adequate attention
had been paid to Cream's mental
state.

Miss Margery Fry, Principal of
Somerville College, Oxford, suggest-
ed the advisability of eliminating,
so far as possible, factors which
made murder easy by restrictions
on the sale of poisons and on the
insurance of the lives of other per-
sons.

EXCHANGE RATES.

| | London, Aug. 25. |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| Paris | 123.775 |
| Geneva | 25.05 |
| Berlin | 25.35 |
| Oslo | 18.1674 |
| Helsingfors | 19.34 |
| Athens | 37.5 |
| Buenos Aires | 40.9/16 |
| Yokohama | 2/0.11/32 |
| New York | 4.87 1/16 |
| Amsterdam | 12.0884 |
| Stockholm | 18.1174 |
| Vienna | 34.465 |
| Madrid | 44.65 |
| Bucharest | 51.63 |
| Bombay | 1/5 1/4 |
| Brussels | 34.835 |
| Milan | 92.975 |
| Copenhagen | 18.1674 |
| Prague | 104.4 |
| Lisbon | 108.25 |
| Rio | 45 |
| Shanghai | 1/6 1/2 |
| Silver (spot and forward) | 16.7/16 |

—British Wireless.

WATER LEVELS.

ON WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, issued by
the Kwangtung River Conservancy
Commission, shows in English feet
the water levels on the West
River, North River and East
River, on the dates named:

| | Aug. 24 | Aug. 25. |
|-----------|---------|----------|
| Shiuhing | 8.9 | 9.7 |
| Tsingyuen | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Samshui | 4.3 | 4.5 |
| Sheshung | 3.6 | 4.0 |

The highest levels on record
are:—Shiuhing, 41 feet; Tsing-
yuen, 29.2 feet; Samshui, 27.3 feet;
Sheshung 15.5 feet.

The lowest level on record at
Samshui is minus 5 feet and at
Sheshung minus 2.7 feet.

Support for Doctor.

The British Medical Association
in 1922 decided:

To support in every possible way
any member whom the Council,
after consideration of the cir-
cumstances, deemed justified in
refusing to disclose any informa-
tion obtained in the exercise of
his professional duties; and fur-
ther that as it was an essential
principle of medical conduct that
information be not divulged with-
out the patient's consent, a mea-
sure of special consideration from
the Courts was desirable for medi-
cal witnesses.

Last year they again discussed
the matter and the Council was
requested to consider whether the
following definition of policy was
desirable:

That communications between
doctor and patient, unless they
concern fraud or crime, or other-
wise the public interest, ought to
be privileged from disclosure in
courts of law.

No doctor, however, has yet
defied the judges.

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INGREDIENTS—One tin preserved pineapple, 1 pint milk,
1 oz. gelatine, 2 oz. sugar, 12 oz. tin Nestlé's Cream
METHOD—Cut the fruit up very small and sprinkle
with sugar. Mix the Cream with the milk. Then strain
into a teacupful of the pineapple syrup in which is
dissolved the gelatine and sugar. Lastly add
the pineapple. Place the cream in a
wet mould and leave until
set. Turn out and
serve.

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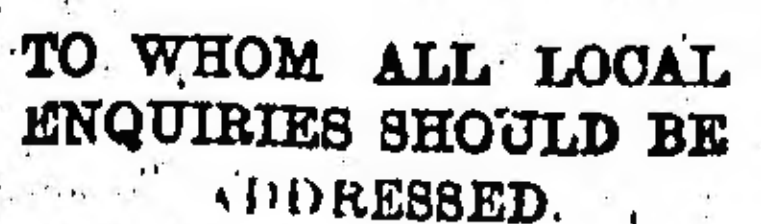
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tightly.
"I like my coffee properly made,
anks," she laughed. "I won't



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| TO OSAKA via AMOY & KOBE | Ho-sang Yuen-sang | Satur. 30th Aug at 7 a.m. Sun. 7th Sept at 7 a.m. |
| TO OSAKA via AMOY, MOJI & KOBE | Kutsang | Fri. 19th Sept at 7 a.m. |
| TO SANDAKAN | Hinsang Mausang | Fri. 5th Sept at noon. Fri. 19th Sept at noon. |
| TO TIENTSIN via SWATOW & FOOCHEW | Chipsang Cheong-shing | Thurs. 4th Sept at 7 a.m. Thurs. 18th Sept at 7 a.m. |

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LOCAL FOOTBALL.

LEAGUE TO COMMENCE
ON OCTOBER 4.

It was decided at a meeting of the Football League Management Committee yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Association, to open the season on September 27 with an exhibition game between China Athletic Association, last year's champions, and a team representing the rest of the League.

It was also decided that the League will officially commence on Saturday, October 4, and a list of matches in all three divisions has been drawn up to be played off on that day, also another list for the following week.

Mr. W. E. Hollands, the Hon. Secretary of the Association, announced that eleven teams had signified their intention of participating in the first division, twelve in the second and nine in the third.

The exhibition game will be played on the Hongkong Football Club ground, Happy Valley, commencing at 5 p.m.

The following matches have been arranged for October 4:

Division I.

Royal Navy v. R.A. (Stadium).
Club v. China Athletic (Club).
Argyll v. Police (Sookunpoo).
South China v. Recreation (Caroline Hill).

Division II.

Royal Navy v. St. Joseph's (Stadium).
Somerset v. Club (Sookunpoo).
University v. China Athletic (Club).
Eastern v. South China (S.J.).

Division III.

R.E. v. Somersets (Chatham Rd).
Fukien v. South China (Chinese, Happy Valley).
R.A.F. v. Ewo (Recreation).
R.A.S.C. v. R.A.O.C. (Chinese, Happy Valley).

The following matches have been arranged for October 11:

Division I.

Somersets v. Royal Navy (Sookunpoo).
R.A. v. Club (not fixed).
China Athletic v. Argyll (Stadium).
Police v. South China (not fixed).
Recreation v. St. Joseph's (Recreation).

Division II.

Argyll v. Royal Navy (Kowloon).
St. Joseph's v. Somersets (S.J.).
Club v. University (Club).
China Athletic v. Eastern (Stadium).
South China v. Recreation (Caroline Hill).

Division III.

China Athletic v. R.A. (Chinese, Happy Valley).
Somerset v. Fukien (S.J.).
South China v. R.A.F. (Caroline Hill).
Ewo v. R.A.S.C. (Chinese, Happy Valley).

KOWLOON FORFEIT.

WATER-POLO MATCH GIVEN TO NAVY.

Failing to produce a water-polo team last night, the Kowloon Swimming Club forfeited to the Navy, and the service men swam the length of the pool to secure the points.

A scratch team was formed which played the Navy in an unofficial game.



Talkies lip because they are still in their infancy.

OLDEST VINEGAR BREWERS.

WENT INTO BUSINESS AT
BRISTOL IN 1730.

The oldest firm of vinegar brewers in the country, Messrs. Beaufoy and Co., have just celebrated their 200th anniversary. The founder of the firm was Mark Beaufoy, who in 1730 started a gin distillery in Bristol. His portrait by Gainsborough hangs in Beaufoy House, which is beside the factory in South Lambeth-road.

It was, however, another picture which altered his whole career. He was a Quaker, and after he had successfully operated the gin distillery for some years he saw Hogarth's picture "Gin Lane," depicting the misery which excessive gin drinking produced in those days of dreadful slums. He at once stopped making gin and went to Holland to learn vinegar brewing, he then founded the business for the manufacture of malt vinegar, which is carried on to-day.

For nearly 100 years the firm had premises at Cuper's gardens, which now form the southern approach to Southwark Bridge, but they were compelled to move in 1812, when Waterloo Bridge was built. Messrs. Beaufoy then went to their present premises in South Lambeth-road.

The old house, with its cobbled carriage drive, imposing iron gates, and mounting blocks, is still to be seen, although it is hidden behind the original high wall which was there when Vauxhall was a "garden suburb."

There has been a Mark Beaufoy in practically every generation of the family in the business, but although the old Quaker founded the company, he by no means founded the family, for the Beaufoy's can trace their descent back to 900 A.D., and were recently invited to Normandy to take part in the gathering of all the families who came over with the Conqueror.

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| Empress of Japan | Oct. 2 | Oct. 5 | Oct. 7 | Oct. 9 | Oct. 17 |
| Empress of Asia | Oct. 15 | Oct. 18 | Oct. 21 | Oct. 23 | Nov. 1 |
| Empress of Russia | Oct. 30 | Nov. 2 | Nov. 4 | Nov. 6 | Nov. 14 |
| Empress of Canada | Nov. 12 | Nov. 15 | Nov. 18 | Nov. 20 | Nov. 29 |
| Empress of Japan | Nov. 27 | Nov. 30 | Dec. 2 | Dec. 4 | Dec. 12 |
| Empress of Asia | Dec. 10 | Dec. 13 | Dec. 16 | Dec. 18 | Dec. 27 |
| Empress of Russia | Dec. 25 | Dec. 28 | Dec. 31 | Jan. 1 | Jan. 9 |
| Empress of Canada | Jan. 7 | Jan. 10 | Jan. 13 | Jan. 15 | Jan. 24 |
| Empress of Japan | Jan. 29 | Feb. 1 | Feb. 3 | Feb. 5 | Feb. 13 |
| Empress of Asia | Feb. 25 | Feb. 28 | Mar. 1 | Mar. 3 | Mar. 11 |
| Empress of Russia | Mar. 12 | Mar. 15 | Mar. 18 | Mar. 20 | Mar. 29 |
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AUTREFOIS ACQUITT.

ARGUMENT IN HEALTH BUREAU CASE.

The case was again before Mr. Butters, at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon, in which Kwok Chun-sing, Manager of the Health Service Intelligence Bureau, is charged with forging a voucher purporting to be signed by T. K. Loung, for the amount of \$520.

Other charges concerning the disposal of this sum were previously investigated by another Magistrate (Mr. Grantham), who, after hearing the evidence, acquitted Kwok of all counts.

The institution of this fresh charge of forgery turning upon an exhibit in the previous case, was met by the defence with a plea of "not guilty" and "autrefois acquit."

In reply to Mr. d'Almada's submission at the last hearing that he had no case to answer, Mr. Lo brought forward the argument of a double plea, which he maintained was not in accord with the legal authorities on the point. He said that, speaking as the solicitor for the prosecution and knowing the responsibilities attaching to that office, he did not mind if his friend were to withdraw the plea of autrefois acquit and plead not guilty, but he would object seriously if he (Mr. d'Almada) maintained both pleas and his Worship decided against the prosecution.

A Misdemeanour.

Continuing, Mr. Lo said he would then submit that his Worship could not allow Mr. d'Almada to plead not guilty. He would further submit that his Worship had no jurisdiction to say whether there was or was not any autrefois acquit, so long as a plea of not guilty was before him.

Mr. Lo pointed out that the charge on which the defendant was before the court was one of misdemeanour and not a felony. For the purposes of his submission, however, he did not know nor did he care whether it was a misdemeanour or a felony. His friend could have it both ways.

His Worship intimated that autrefois acquit would be admissible with a plea of not guilty, but not admissible with a plea of guilty.

Mr. Lo disagreed, and argued that there could not be a double plea. He quoted authorities to strengthen his argument.

Referring to Mr. d'Almada's contention that proceedings brought under the Larceny Ordinance precluded subsequent proceedings under the Forgery Ordinance, Mr. Lo said that his friend had raised that point in addition to and not as a part of his plea of autrefois acquit.

Mr. Lo then went on to quote various instances showing which particular acquittals were bars against subsequent proceedings on the same facts and which were not, and asked whether the defendant could have been convicted on the previous occasion of the offence with which he was being charged, or was the acquittal, by some law, a bar to the present proceedings?

"My friend has produced not a single scrap of authority in support of his proposition that the charges with which his client was charged in the previous case—twenty-two in number as they were—had in any of them at all anything that constituted that bar."

The Same Facts.

Continuing, Mr. Lo suggested that the only Section they could consider, for the discovery of this bar, was Section 74 B of the Larceny Ordinance. "The ques-

KONGMOON PROGRESS.

CONSTRUCTION OF MALOOS AND A MARKET.

Among the many schemes that have been considered by Mayor Liang for the modernisation of Kongmoon, public works have been given most attention, and plans for the construction of the following have been drawn up:

1. The construction of the Lin-Ping Maloo, with a length of 1,000 feet, was begun last week.

2. The completion of laying the bund connecting the western sector with Sha Chai Mee, with a length of some 2,000 feet will be undertaken by contractors. The work is expected to be started next week.

3. The construction of the Kongmoon-Shuimam highway, with a length of 1,000 feet, will begin at the end of this month.

4. The construction of the dormitory of the Municipal Middle School has started.

5. The construction of the Pak-kai market will begin directly when the 18,000 dollar-bonds allotted to the inhabitants are all taken up.

6. The funds for the construction of a public car station will probably be subscribed by the local motor car and bus companies, whose managers have been called by the Municipal authorities to attend a meeting for the discussion of the project.—Canton News Agency.

DID NOT APPEAR.

PORTUGUESE OFFICER AND THE COURT.

An unusual reason for failing to appear before a Magistrate was explained by Sergeant Clark on behalf of a Portuguese Officer, who did not answer his name when a charge of having driven car No. 188 along the Castle Peak Road in a dangerous manner, was called before Mr. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday.

The Officer, Mr. N. C. Sanchus, is on the Portuguese man-of-war, Adamastor. When the summons was served on him he was said to have approached Sergeant Clark and said that an Officer in the Portuguese Navy was not allowed to appear before a Magistrate on any charge. The Sergeant then informed him that he should either send a representative or appoint a solicitor.

Accordingly, when the case was called, a representative appeared, but, unfortunately, he was only able to speak Portuguese and the case could not be proceeded with. The Magistrate fixed the case for Friday and asked the Sergeant to serve a fresh summons on the Officer.

tion your Worship will have to decide is, because he could have been convicted under that Section, that could have offered a bar to proceedings under Section 8 of the Forgery Ordinance."

Replying, Mr. d'Almada stated that his submission was definitely this, that having elected to proceed under the Larceny Ordinance in the previous case, for larceny and misdemeanour, the complainant was precluded from bringing these present proceedings under the Forgery Ordinance on what were really the same facts.

His Worship adjourned the case at this point until Friday in order to consider his decision.

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All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 12th September, 1930, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 28th August, 1930, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB LIVINGSTON & CO. LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd August, 1930.

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THE LOCAL PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

The following radio programme will be broadcast to-day by Z. B. W. on a wavelength of 355 metres.

6.00 p.m. European programme of Victor records selected and supplied by Messrs. Tang Fook.

Raymond-Overture (Thomas).

Victor Symphony Orch. 35924.

Rose in the Bud (Forster).

One Little Dream of Love (Gordon).

Konoe Chomet-Violin Solo. 1132.

I call upon thee, Jesus (Bach).

Prelude in E Flat Minor.

Philadelphia Symphony Orch. 6786.

Old Scotch Songs.

Mary of Argyll.

Sir Harry Lauder. 4002.

Sincerity-Waltz (Pignatelli).

Wedding of the Winds (Hall).

La Victoria Orchestra. 35911.

Rustle of Spring (Sinding).

Narcissus (Nevin).

Hans Barth-Piano Solo. 20121.

Rhapsody in Blue (Gershwin).

Paul Whiteman and His Orchestra. 35822.

The Flatterer (Chaminade).

Scarf Dance (Chaminade).

Hans Barth-Piano Solo. 20346.

Bird Song at Eventide (Barrie).

The Little Silver Ring (Chaminade).

John-M. McCormack. 1303.

Staccato-Caprice (Vegrich).

Hungarian Rhapsody (Liszt).

Yolanda Mero-Piano Solo. 1155.

La Czarine-Mazurka (Ganne).

Rendez-Vous-Intermezzo (Allet).

Victor Salon Orchestra. 20430.

Cradle Song (Brahms).

Sous Le Palmier (Albeniz).

Alfred Cortot-Piano Solo. 1271.

Träumerei (Schumann).

Andantino (Lemare).

Edwin H. Lemare Organ Solo. 35843.

Sylvia Ballet-Pizzicati (Delibes).

San Francisco Symphony Orch. 1165.

Intermezzo and Valse Lente.

Spanish Dance (Granados).

Vita (Foppe).

Radio Castle-Violoncello Solo. 1311.

Herceuse (Jarnieff).

Præludeum (Jarnieff).

Victor Concert Orchestra. 20374.

Love me Always-Waltz (Rizzi).

Tango Delle Rose (Bottero).

Victoria Orchestra. V-17.

Serenata (Tosti).

Carceleras (Chail).

Amelita Galli-Curci Soprano. 1167.

King Cleton-March.

Office of the Day-March (Hall).

Arthur Pryor's Band. 19895.

8.00 p.m. Chinese Relay from Ko Shing Theatre.

9.00 p.m. Weather report and Local Time. Relay continued.

11.00 p.m. Close down.

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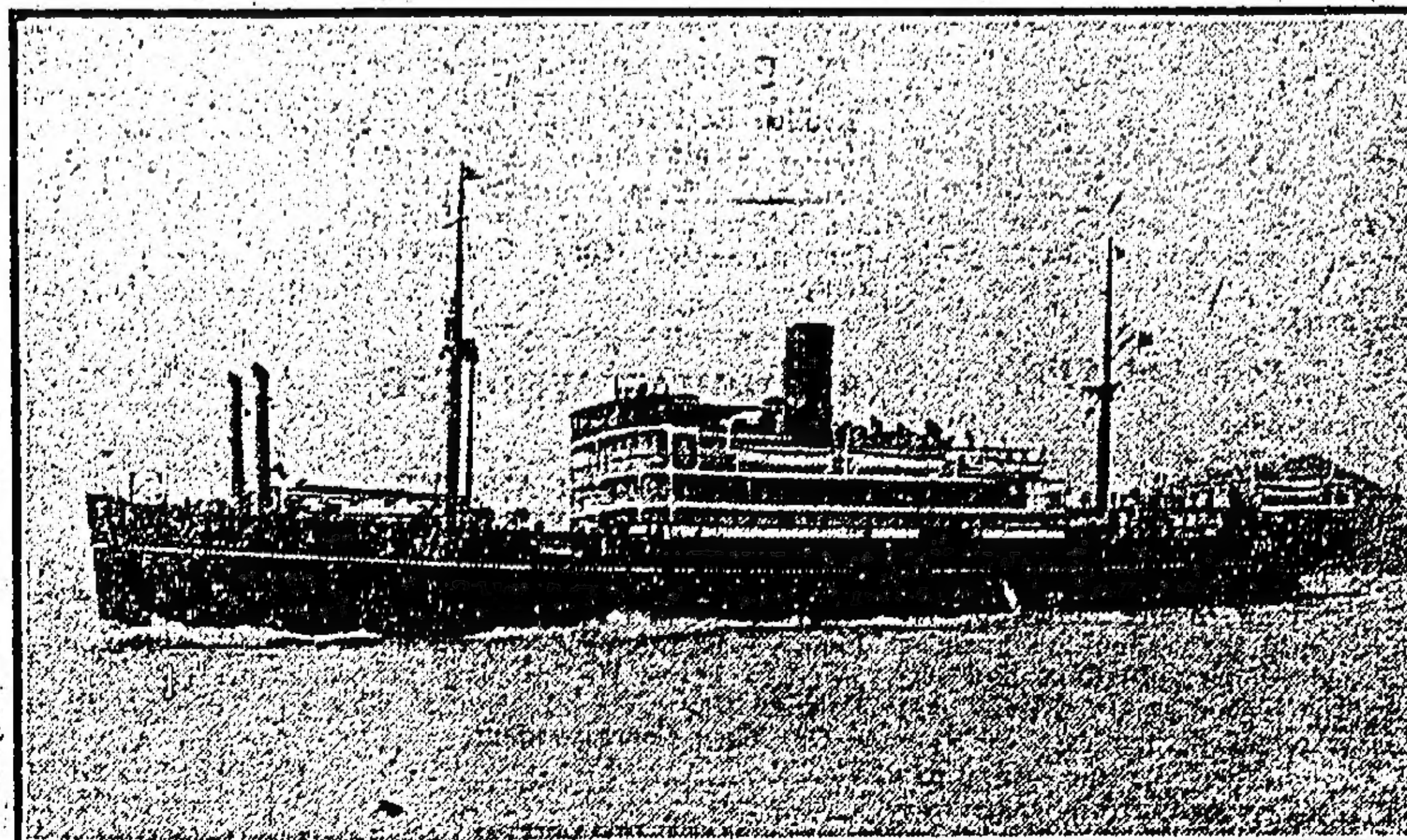
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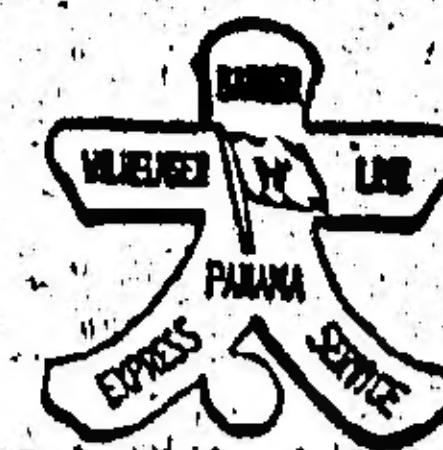


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| *MANTUA | 10,946 | 13th Sept. | Marseilles, L'don & B'bay |
| *ALIFORE | 5,273 | 17th Sept. | Straits, Colombo & B'bay |
| *KASHGAR | 9,005 | 27th Sept. | Marseilles, L'don, Hull, Rotterdam & Antwerp |
| MALWA | 10,980 | 11th Oct. | Marseilles & L'don |
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| SHIRALA | 7,841 | 17th Sept. | S'pore, Penang & Calcutta |
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| *TANDA | 6,956 | 5th Sept. | Manila, Thurs. Island. |
| *ST. ALBANS | 4,500 | 3rd Oct. | Townsville, B'bane |
| *NELLORF | 6,853 | 31st Oct. | Sydney and Melbourne |
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loathes become
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A Paramount Picture

In the latest copy to hand of the Sydney Bulletin a photograph is given of Mr. W. K. Reynolds, well-known here as secretary of the City Hall and a keen member of the Amateur Dramatic Club. The paper states: "Mr. W. K. Reynolds is a newcomer to Melbourne, and one of our Repertory players. He made his first appearance with the Melbourne troupe in Granville Barker's 'Voyage Inheritance,' which recently had a four-nights' season at the Playhouse, and put some good character-acting into the role of Hugh Voysey. He has been a member of amateur dramatic clubs in Hong-kong and Gibraltar."

The loss of a diamond ring valued at £40 was reported to the police yesterday by Mrs. Beven, of Magazine Gap. The lady missed the ring between the Central Theatre and Battery Path, and it is presumed that it was dropped on the road somewhere between these two places.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street, in the City of Victoria Hongkong.

WOMAN CONDUCTS OWN CASE.

DENIES PARTNERSHIP IN FIRM.

WANTS WITNESSES TO BE SUBPOENAED.

STORY OF ENMITY.

"Witness and his father scolded me and said I was 'saucy' so I left. They rushed out of the door after me, pointed their fingers at me, and said 'we must do our utmost to get you involved so that you will not be able to get a mouthful of food,'" said Mak Ying, earth-contractor, defendant in an adjourned action which was resumed before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) in the Supreme Court this morning.

The plaintiff is the Ho Shing firm, No. 69, Des Voeux Road West, and defendants are The Ying Fat firm, No. 282, Queen's Road West, bankers and money changers, and Mak Ying, widow, an alleged partner, trading as Mak Ying-kee, earth contractor, No. 65, Second Street.

Plaintiff originally brought an action for the recovery of \$2,200 in which he succeeded, but defendant denied her responsibility to pay on the ground that she was not a partner, and the partnership issue was set down for trial.

Originally Mr. H. G. Sheldon, instructed by Mr. F. X. D'Almada, senior, of Messrs. D'Almada and Mason, was for plaintiff; while defendant was not represented, but this morning no counsel appeared and the parties conducted their own cases.

Firm Closes Down.

The son of the managing partner of the plaintiff firm gave evidence at the last hearing, when he affirmed that he was employed in the defendant firm by defendant for seven months.

Defendant denied this. She explained that she knew witness's father (plaintiff) who was in the same business as herself, an earth-contractor. She had occasion to see him on business and he asked her to patronise the Ying Fat firm, saying that he had a share in it of several thousands of dollars. She agreed to do so and his son went with her to the firm's premises to show her where they were. On arrival there she changed some money and witness went behind the counter to the rear of the premises.

One day, continued defendant, she went to the bank and found it was closed. She was told by a fooki that plaintiff had removed every cash and the firm had closed down. Accordingly she went to see plaintiff on two occasions, when he told her not to worry and said that he would settle with her amicably.

Man Advises Patience.

As she did not get her money she had paid in, she went to see plaintiff a third time in the presence of witness. They both scolded her and said she was "saucy." As she left they rushed to the door, pointed their fingers at her, and threatened to get her involved so that she would not be able to get a mouthful of food.

Defendant alleged that plaintiff had paid witness \$200 but explained, in reply to his Lordship, that she could not get them to Court unless they were subpoenaed.

She went on to say that before the present action started she wanted to sue the Ying Fat firm for the recovery of her money and she entrusted the matter to a man with the surname Ho. He told her not to be in too much of a hurry so she stopped the proceedings. The documents relating to that proposed action, she said, were in possession of Ho, and she expressed a wish that he be subpoenaed.

Books Locked Up.

Defendant said that witness's evidence was not true as she had never employed him but he had merely taken her to the premises to show her where they were. She denied being a partner.

Replying to his Lordship, witness said that when the business closed, down defendant had the books locked up in a safe and later removed them.

Answering further questions, witness stated that his wages were \$3 a month and the firm closed down on September 16, last year. When he paid out money he obtained small sums from the accountant, but when he paid out large sums he obtained it from defendant personally. He denied that he was the manager. The case is proceeding.

SINO-GERMAN AIR SCHEME.

DETAILS OF AMBITIOUS PROJECT.

SERVICE TO EUROPE.

Nanking, Aug. 20. Important details of the ambitious contract entered into between the Ministry of Communication and the German Lufthansa Company for the operation of Sino-German air mail and passenger service, have been disclosed.

The contract, it is learned, provides for the organization of a Sino-German Aviation Corporation in accordance with Chinese law for the operation of the air lines. The Corporation is to have a capital of \$3,000,000 to be divided into 3,000 shares of \$1,000 each. The Chinese Government will hold 2,000 shares; the German Company, 1,000 shares. Within three months after the coming into force of the contract, the Chinese Government is to pay up \$200,000 of the subscribed share capital; the German Company, \$100,000. Within nine months, the German Company is to advance adequate funds for the purchase of all necessary machines and equipment, and in consideration thereof, the Sino-German Corporation is to issue to the German Company shares up to the value of the funds so advanced.

The administration of the Corporation is to be vested in a Board of nine directors, of whom six are to be nominated by the Chinese Government, three by the German Company. The Board is to have one chairman and two vice-chairmen. Under the Board, there shall be three departments; namely, business, finance and operation. The capital and other cash assets of the Corporation are to be deposited in a Chinese bank.

The Corporation is to operate the following air mail and passenger lines:

- 1.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Tientsin, Peking, Manchuria, and Siberia.
- 2.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Tientsin, Peking, Kulun (Outer Mongolia) and Siberia.
- 3.—Shanghai to Berlin: via Nanking, Sinkiang, Kansu and Siberia.—Kuo Min.

THE LATE DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

BURIAL IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

London, Aug. 25.

The Duke of Northumberland, who died on Saturday, is to be buried in Westminster Abbey on Wednesday.

The Dukes of Northumberland have a prescriptive right to burial in the Abbey and also to the use of the great west door, which is the entrance to the Abbey reserved for royalty. No other family in the land has this prescriptive right, but it has not always been exercised.

The coffin will be taken through the great west door and placed in the Northumberland tomb in the Chapel of St. Nicholas.—British Wireless.

BANK LOSE ACTION IN SHANGHAI.

SUCCESSFUL CLAIM BY A HARBIN CONCERN.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Judgment was given in the United States' Court yesterday in the action against the National City Bank of New York by the Harbin Electric Joint Stock Company for the recovery of the balance of two deposits, with accumulated interest, which the plaintiffs made with the defendant bank in Harbin in 1923.

The public utilities franchise was at issue and the plaintiffs were awarded \$496,839 with cost and interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum from August 25, 1930. Mr. Rodger was for the Harbin Company.—Our Own Correspondent.

SHANGHAI WEDDING.

MRS. FUTTERER AND MR. F. H. ENGELS.

Shanghai, Aug. 25.

Mrs. Rose Futterer, a well-known local business woman, married Mr. Franz H. Engels at the German Consulate on August 23.—Our Own Correspondent.

FAIR WEATHER.

The Royal Observatory reports that pressure is relatively low near the Bonins and to the west of Korea. Pressure gradients are shallow over the China Sea. The local forecast is:—Light S. E. or variable winds; fair.

LIUYANG SEIZED BY "REDS."

5,000 BANDITS TAKE ANOTHER CITY.

CHANGSHA FEARS ANOTHER INVASION.

FOREIGN ANXIETY.

Hankow, Aug. 25.

Some 5,000 Communist bandits, under the leadership of the notorious Chu Tak, Mo Tsak-tung and Pang Tak-wai, captured Liuyang city yesterday, to the great concern of the residents of Changsha who fear that the Communists are planning a second invasion of that city.

The proximity of Liuyang to Changsha is the reason for the great apprehension felt. Japanese sources state that General Ho Chien's troops deserted Liuyang before the Communist invasion, to the great indignation of the Changsha residents.

Trouble Feared.

All the Japanese citizens at Changsha have taken shelter in the foreign settlement. General Ho Chien, the military governor of Hunan Province, is absent from Changsha, and as a consequence the residents fear a desertion by the Government forces, as they did on the occasion of the previous attack.

General Liu Kien-shui is acting on behalf of General Ho Chien and he has announced officially that he will direct an expedition to Liuyang.

Hankow and Shanghai firms have received telegrams from their Changsha connections advising a temporary suspension of shipments of cargo.

\$1,000,000 Fund.

The determination of the Nanking Government to eliminate the Communist hooligans in Hunan and Kiangsi is shown by the provision of \$1,000,000 to General Ho Chien, who is instructed to use the fund for a big anti-bandit campaign in Hunan, dividing the Province into six districts. Four regiments of troops have been instructed to proceed to Changsha from Hankow to assist in the war against the Communists.

The revival of Communism near Changsha is regretted by merchants here and in Shanghai, who have been looking forward with much optimism to the resumption of the river boat services plying between Shanghai, Hankow and Changsha.

Nanking's Vigilance.

The attention of the Nanking Government has been called to the serious condition on the Yangtze in a protest from foreign quarters demanding that adequate protection should be afforded to foreign life and property in Chinese territories.

In this connexion, the Nanking authorities have advised the Kwangtung Provincial Government to make a lengthy report concerning the organisation of the labour unions and all aspects of the Communist and labour movement in Canton in 1927 when the southern metropolis was invaded and devastated by Communists from the East River.

The Nanking order to Canton is interpreted as showing a desire to study the labour movement and to work out precautionary measures to prevent the labour unions from being involved in Communist activities.

Tientsin Enlistment.

According to Tientsin messages, the Shansi Government is paying particular attention to the activities of Communists and plain clothes Nanking troops, many of whom are believed to have arrived to stir up disturbances. The Shansi Government is enlisting 1,000 new Garrison troops who will be assigned to street patrol with a view to preserving peace.

A brief Tientsin telegram says that Communists are stirring up trouble among the labourers, hoping to organise a general strike in the city. Nothing eventful has occurred so far and the authorities are maintaining a keen lookout.

Nanking's Plan.

Peking, Aug. 25.

Foreign reports from Tientsin state that the military conference there has decided to leave Han Fu-chu to defend the line of the Yellow River, and withdraw all the other Nanking troops towards the Lung-Hai railway for a life or death struggle against Feng.

Heavy gunfire is going on across the Yellow River in the vicinity of Tsiao and Lokow.—Reuter.

PARAMOUNTS

FINAL PERFORMANCE OF THE MONTMARTRE FOLLIES

AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

REGINALD

DENNY



—in the screaming, speedy farce of a rich young man forced into a courtship that he didn't want; then couldn't get, and finally was glad to pursue. IT'S BUILT FOR LAUGHTER ONLY. COME!

with MERRA KENNEDY, WILLIAM AUSTIN, Greta Gronstedt, Oli's Harlan and Virginia Sale.

EMBARRASSING MOMENTS

NEWSREEL

COMEDY

FOX MOVIE TONE NEWS

RACE RIOT

AT THE

QUEEN'S

Final Showings To-day
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.20.

Esther Ralston

FASHIONS FOR WOMEN
RAYMOND HATTON and EINAR HANSON



AT THE

STAR

To-day & To-morrow
At 5.30 & 9.20

THE CHINESE DRAMA

The LEGENDARY VIXEN

AT THE

WORLD

To-day to Thursday
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20
Interpreter at all Performances

QUEEN'S NEXT CHANGE

The BIG PARK

